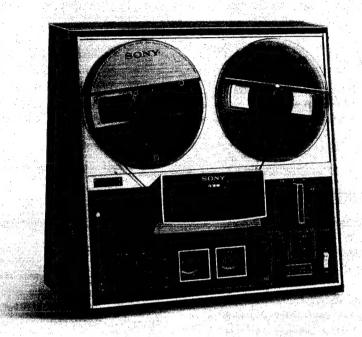
TC-366

General Export Model





SPECIFICATIONS

Power Requirements:

⁵⁰/₆₀ Hz, 100V, 110V, 117V,

125V, 220V and 240V, 20W

Track System:

Four-track stereo and mono

Reel Size:

7" (18 cm) maximum

Tape Speed:

 $7\frac{1}{2}$ ips, $3\frac{3}{4}$ ips and $1\frac{7}{8}$ ips (19 cm/s, 9.5 cm/s and 4.8 cm/s)

Recording Time:

4-track 4-track Tape speed

(with 1,800 ft tape)

stereo 7½ ips (19 cm/s)

3¾ ips (9.5cm/s)

1.5 hrs 3 hrs

1 1/8 ips (4.8cm/s)

3 hrs 6 hrs 6 hrs

Frequency Response:

20~25,000 Hz at 71/2 ips (19 cm/s)

30~17,000 Hz at 33/4 ips (9.5 cm/s)

30~9,000 Hz at 1 1/8 ips (4.8 cm/s)

Signal-to-Noise Ratio: Flutter and Wow: 52 dB or better (at peak level recording)

0.09 % at 71/2 ips (19 cm/s) 0.12% at 33/4 ips (9.5 cm/s)

0.17% at 1% ips (4.8 cm/s)

Recording Bias Frequency:

Inputs:

Approx. 160 kHz Two MIC inputs

Impedance: 600Ω

Maximum sensitivity: -72 dB (0.19 mV)

Two AUX inputs

Impedance: Approx. $100 \, k\Omega$

Maximum sensitivity: -22 dB (0.06 V)

REC/PB connector

Impedance: 10 kΩ

Maximum sensitivity: -33dB (17mV)

Two LINE OUTputs **Outputs:**

Impedance: $100 \, k\Omega$ or more

Output level: 0 dB (0.775V)

with 100 kn load

REC/PB connector

Impedance: 100 kΩ load

Output level: -2~-6 dB (0,62~0,385V)

HEAD PHONE output

Impedance: 8Ω load

Output level: -28 dB (30 mV)

27 transistors and 4 diodes Semiconductors:

16 7/6 (W) x 85/16 (H) x 1413/16" (D)

(416 x 210 x 376 mm)

22 lb 8 oz (10 kg) Weight:

Dimensions:





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10 IEVEL DIAGRAM			Hardware Nomenclature 55

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SONY Model TC-366 which is the onemotor, three-head stereo deck type tape recorder equips with the following features;

Tape Tension Regulator

The machine can operate always under the stable tape running by the tape tension regulator which quickly responds to the subtle change of tape tension, so that the tape tension regulator can reduce the wow and flutter extremely.

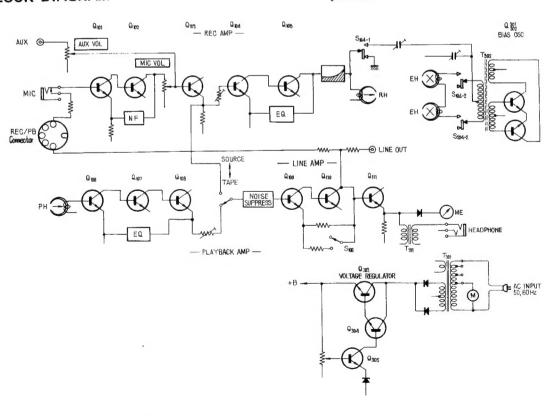
2. BLOCK DIAGRAM

Automatic Shut-off Mechanism

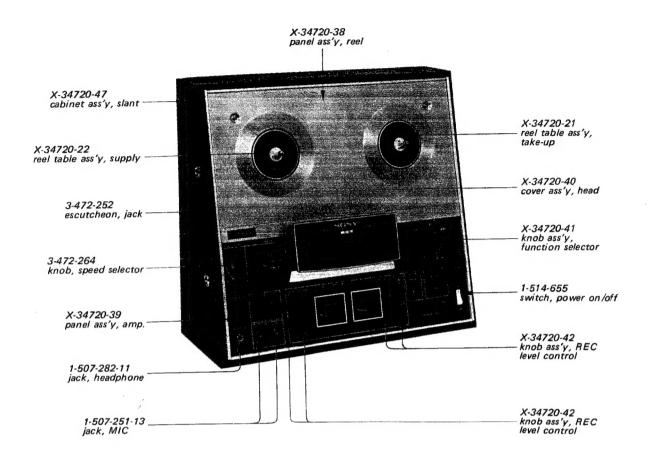
When threading the tape, the shut-off lever is held by the threaded tape in operating position. If tape runs out or breaks, the shut-off lever swings outward and activates the automatic shut-off mecha-As a result, the function selector knob can return to the STOP position without setting it manually.

Page

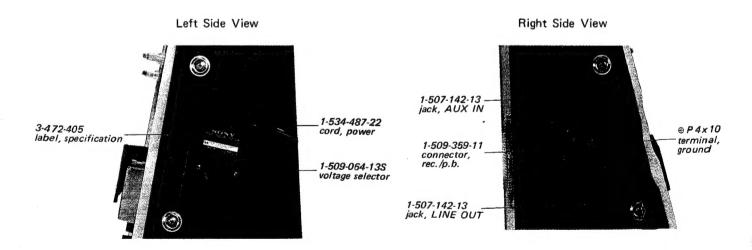
Note: When threading the tape, make certain that there is no slack in the threaded tape, otherwise the function selector knob will not be set at the desired position.



3. CABINET - TOP VIEW -

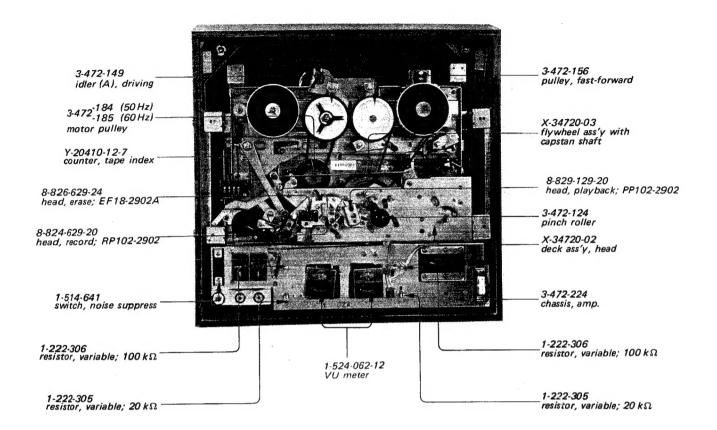


4. CABINET - SIDE VIEWS -

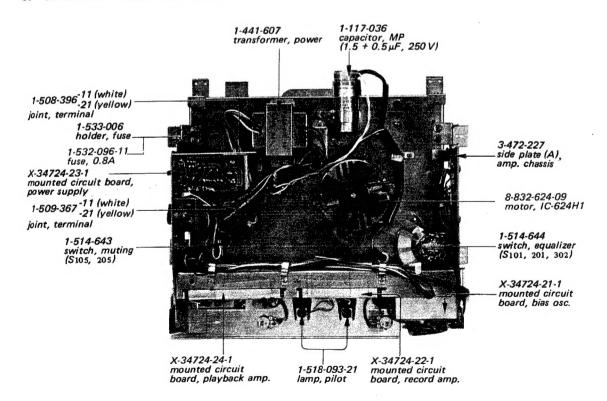


TC-366

5. CHASSIS - TOP VIEW -

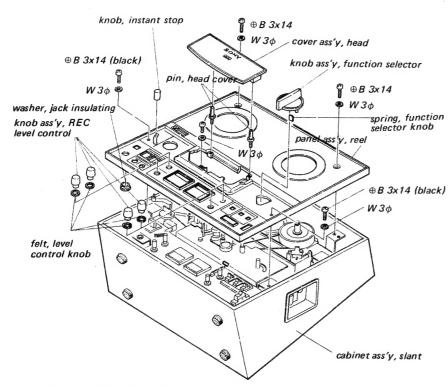


6. CHASSIS - BOTTOM VIEW -

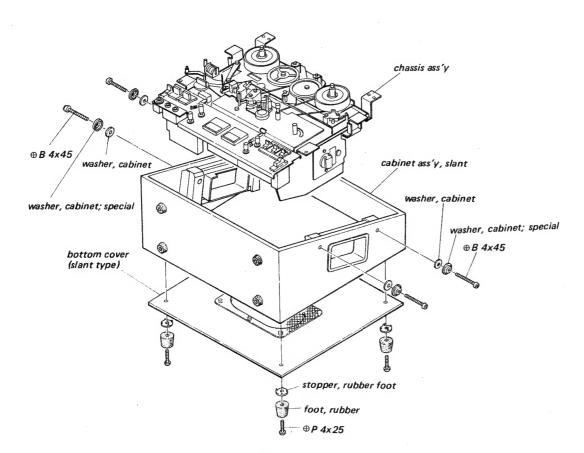


7. DISASSEMBLY

7-1. Reel Panel Removal



7-2. Chassis and Bottom Cover Removal



CAUTION (on cabinet reassembling)

- (1) Be sure that the tab of the reel panel is inserted in the hole of the amp. chassis as shown in Fig. 7-1
- (2) When attaching the cabinet to the chassis, be certain that the reel tables, the jacks and the switches are set correctly in the respective holes of the reel panel, and then fix the four screws alternately.
- (3) When attaching the reel panel to the cabinet, it is convenient to attach tentatively the two level meters to reel panel with adhesive tape.

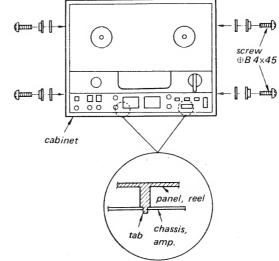
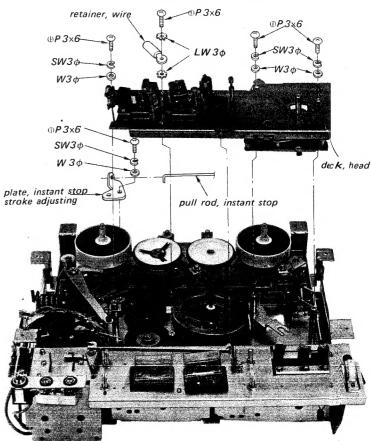


Fig. 7-1 Reel panel removal

CAUTION (on repairing)

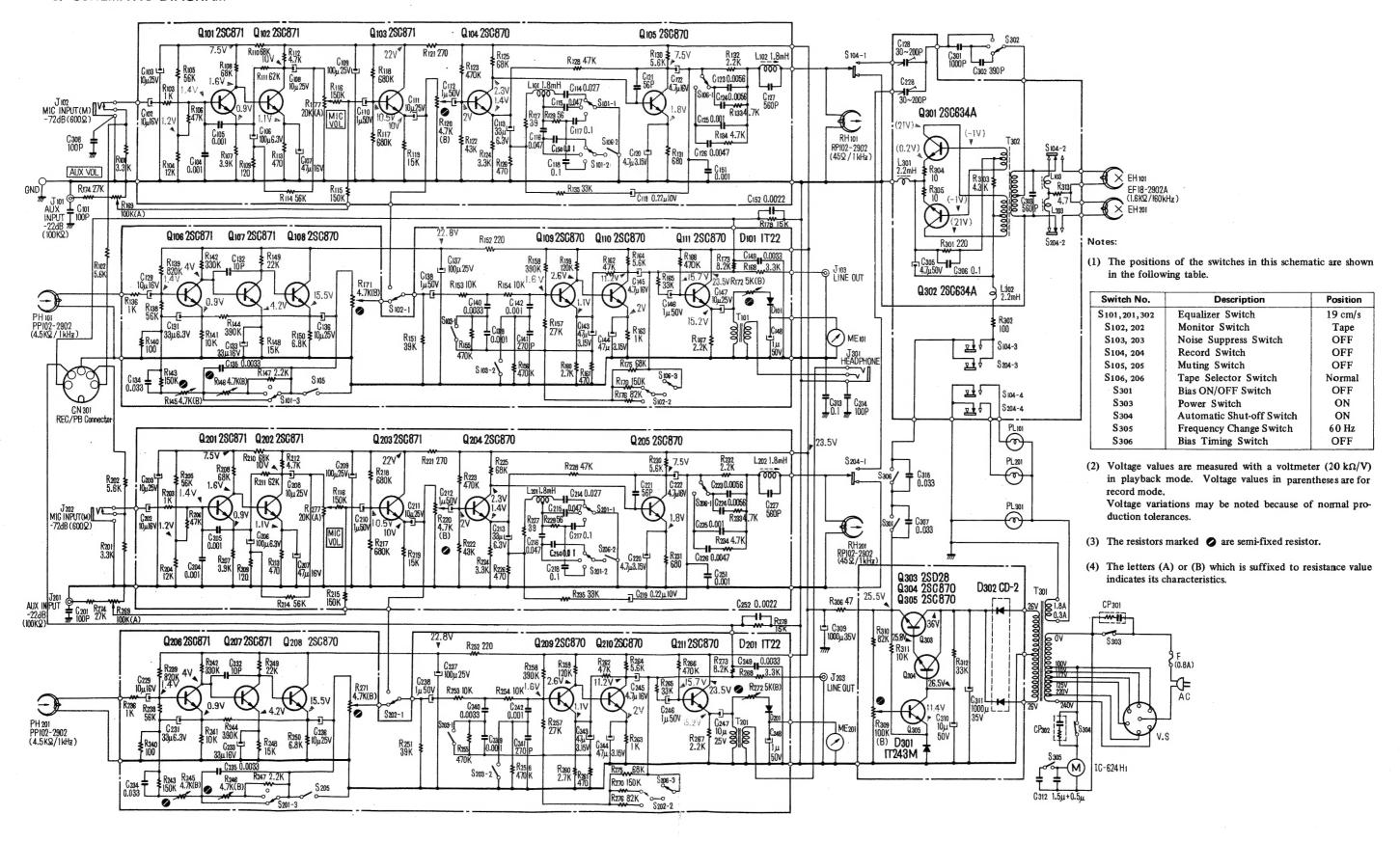
- (1) Never put the machine upside-down on the hard plate with the head cover removed, or the pin of the tape shifter, the shut-off arm pin, the tension arm and others shall be bent by the weight of the machine.
 - If it is necessary to put the machine upside-down put it on a soft cloth with the head cover attached.
- (2) Do not short-circuit B⁺ circuit to ground, or the transistor Q304 will be broken.
- (3) When removing the instant stop knob, turn it clockwise.
- (4) Turn on the power switch after being certain that the motor fan does not touch anything.

7-3. Head Deck Removal



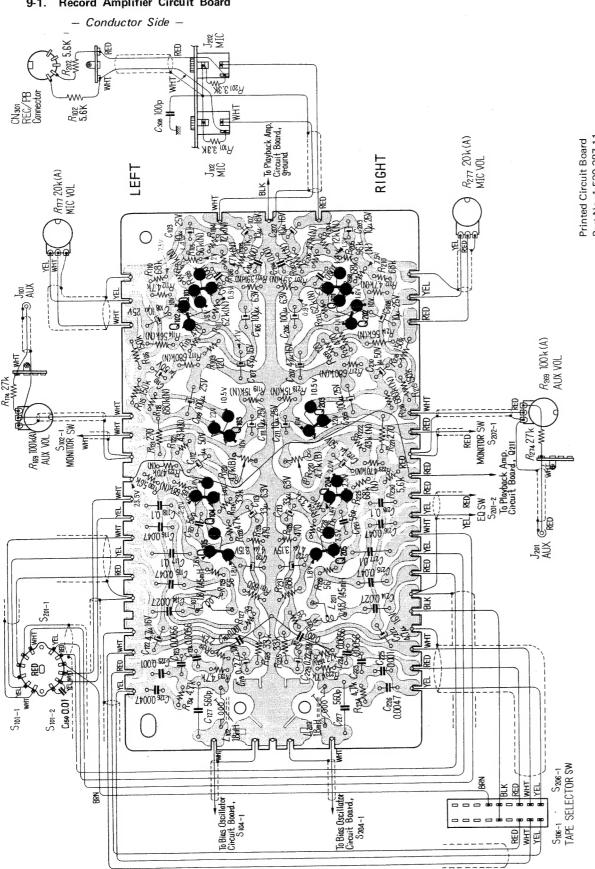
TC-366 TC-366

8. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



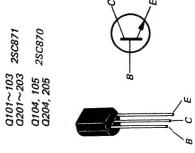
9. MOUNTING DIAGRAM

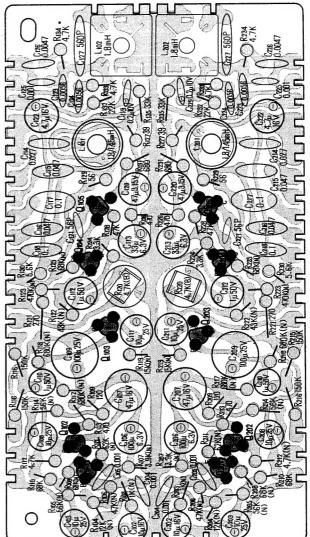
9-1. Record Amplifier Circuit Board



9-1. Record Amplifier Circuit Board

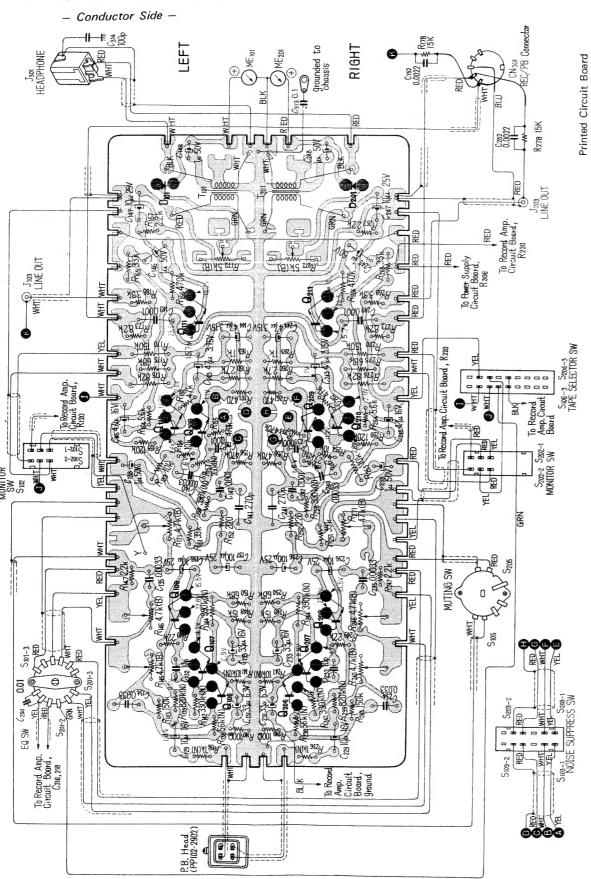
- Component Side -





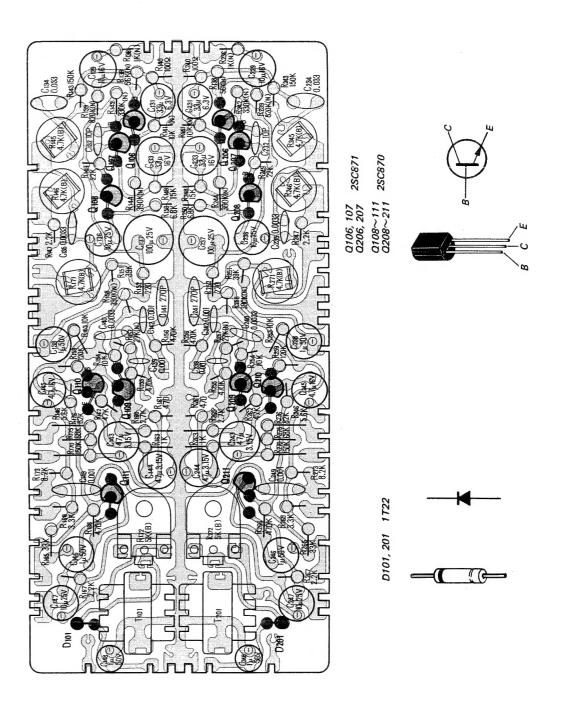
TC-366 TC-366

9-2. Playback Amplifier Circuit Board

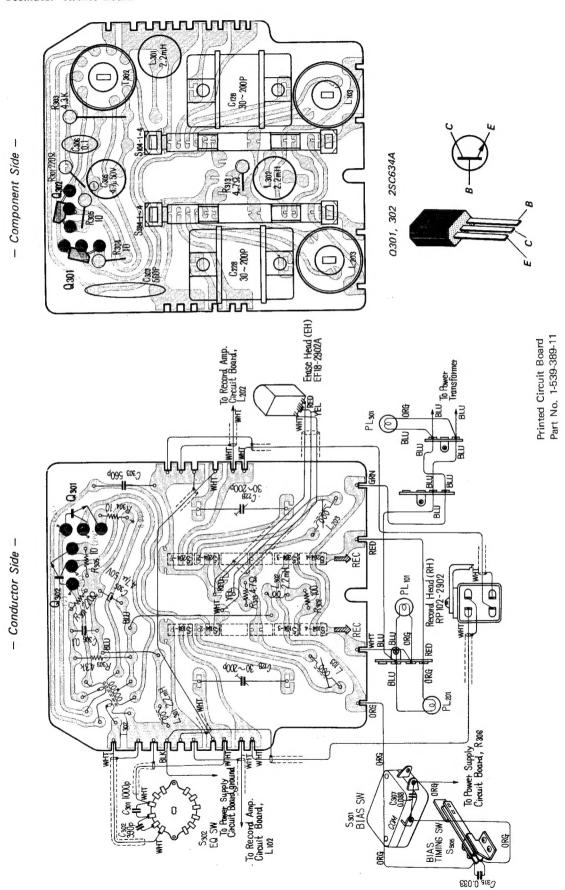


9-2. Playback Amplifier Circuit Board

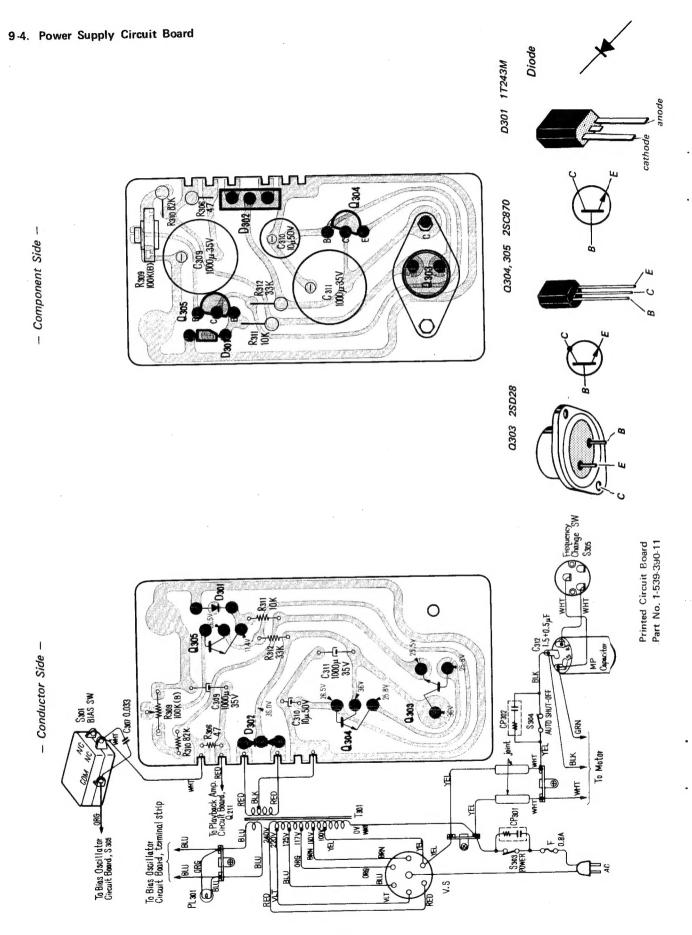
- Component Side -



9-3. Bias Oscillator Circuit Board

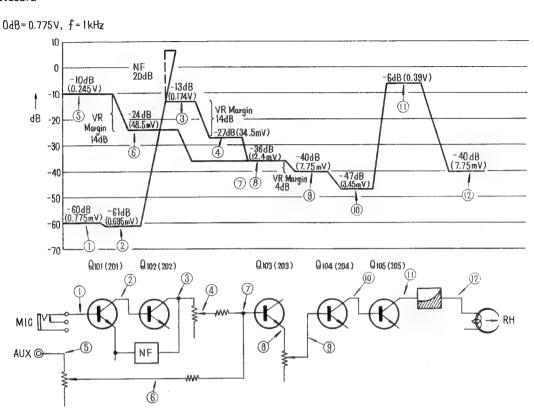


— 13 —

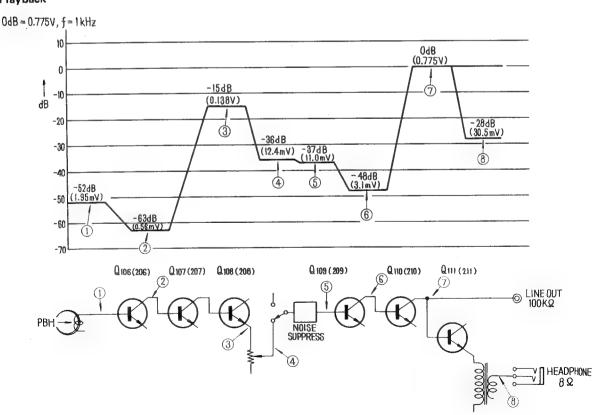


10. LEVEL DIAGRAM

10-1. Record



10-2. Playback





11. MECHANICAL ADJUSTMENT

In case the parts described in the table below are reassembled or replaced, the following adjustments and checks are necessary.

Parts	Adjusting or Checking Item
Head Deck	 Tape Shifter Position Adjustment (See page 19) Instant Stop Adjustment (See page 20) Bias Timing Switch Check (See page 20) Record Releasing Rod Adjustment (See page 23)
Motor	 Capstan Idler Position Adjustment (See page 21) Tape Speed Adjustment (See page 24)
Reel Table	 Reel Table Height Adjustment (See page 21) Take-up Back-tension Adjustment (See page 21) FWD Torque Adjustment (See page 21)
Driving Idler	 FF & REW Torque Adjustments (See page 23) FF & Driving Idler Height Adjustments (See page 23)
Tension Regulator Arm	Tension Regulator Adjustment (See page 17)
Tension Regulator Arm Felt	• Tension Regulator Back-tension Adjustment (See page 18)

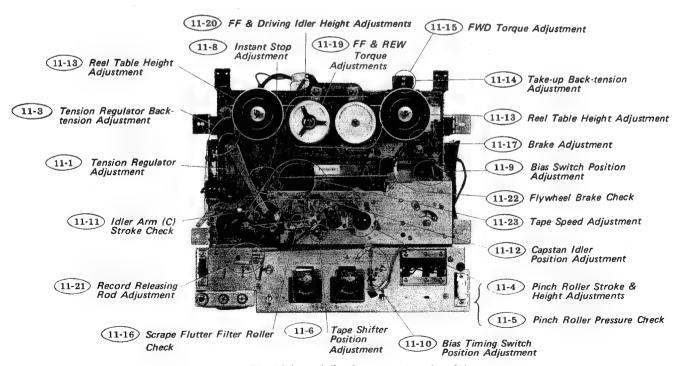


Fig. 11-1 Adjusting parts location (1)

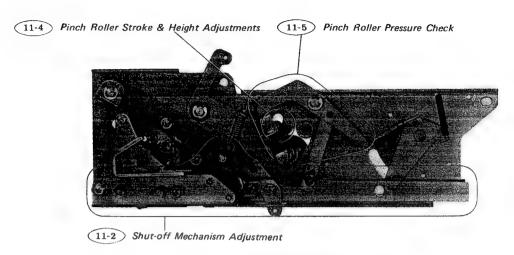


Fig. 11-2 Adjusting parts location (2)

11-1. Tension Regulator Adjustment

- in STOP mode -

- (1) Adjust the adjusting screw so that the clearance shown is 8.5mm (11/32") after having been turned the reel table counterclockwise with hand.
- (2) After the adjustment, apply lock paint to the screw.

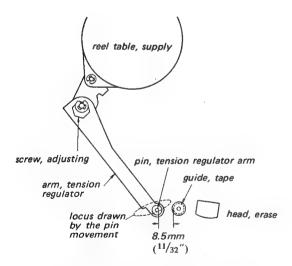
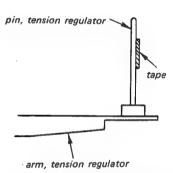


Fig. 11-3 Tension regulator adjustment



Be sure that the tape comes in contact with the tension regulator arm pin uniformly at the beginning and the end of the tape as shown.

Fig. 11-4 Tension regulator adjustment

11-2. Shut-off Mechanism Adjustment

- in STOP mode -

- (1) Loosen the two screws A and adjust by positioning the shut-off lever holding plate as y so that the shut-off mechanism is locked when the clearance between the shut-off arm and theread deck is 6 mm (15/64"), and the shut-off mechanism is released completely when it is 1 mm (3/64").
- (2) Adjust the screw B so that the clearance between the shut-off levers (B) and (II) is $0.3 \sim 0.6 \, \text{mm} \, (^{1}/\!\!\!/4'')$ in STOP mode.
- (3) After the adjustment, apply lock paint to the screws.

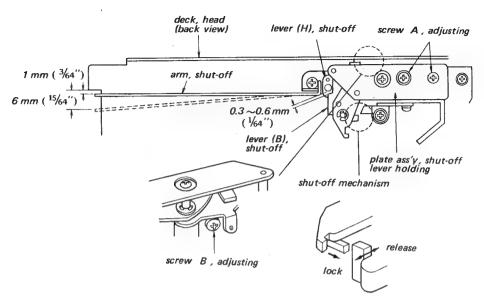


Fig. 11-5 Shut-off mechanism adjustment

11-3. Tension Regulator Back-tension Adjustment

In FWD & FF modes

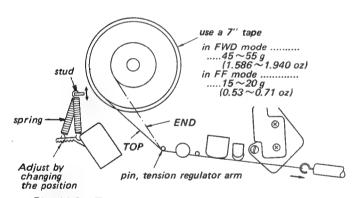


Fig. 11-6 Tension regulator back-tension adjustment

- (1) Make the tension regulator adjustment.
- (2) Adjust by changing the hooking position of the spring to obtain the specified values on the tension gauge at the beginning and the end of the tape as shown in Fig. 11-6.
 If it is not obtained the specified values, adjust by bending the stud or perform the tension

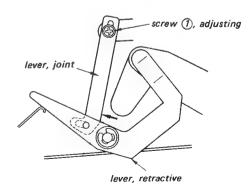
11-4. Pinch Roller Stroke & Height Adjustments

(1) Remove the head deck (See page 6).

regulator adjustment.

(2) Adjust the screw ① so that the pinch roller shaft comes in contact with the retractive lever at the position (A) shown in Fig. 11-8, in STOP mode.

- (3) Fix the screw ① while pushing the joint lever in the direction shown with arrow in Fig. 11-7.
- (4) Put the dummy capstan * into the capstan bearing and be sure that the pinch roller shaft moves by approx. 3~4 mm (½~5/12") on the surface of the retractive lever when the function selector knob is changed from STOP to FWD.
- (5) Be sure that the washer for the pinch roller shaft does not come in contact with the part indicated with ▲ on the retractive lever when the function selector knob is changed slowly from FWD to FF.
- (6) After the adjustment, apply lock paint to the screw.



head deck -- back view --

Fig. 11-7 Pinch roller stroke adjustment

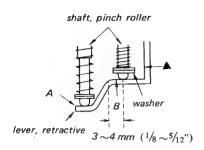


Fig. 11-8 Pinch roller stroke adjustment

(7) Loosen the pinch roller height adjusting screw shown in Fig. 12-1 and adjust by moving the shaft upwards or downwards to obtain the values specified in Fig. 11-9.

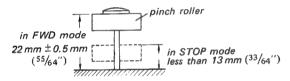


Fig. 11-9 Pinch roller height adjustment

* Dummy Capstan

As the pinch roller stroke adjustment and the pinch roller pressure check require the dummy capstan, make it as follows;

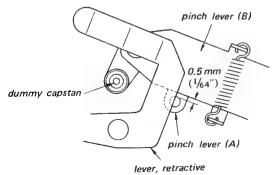
Prepare a flywheel ass'y (for TC-366) and remove the capstan shaft (dummy capstan) from the flywheel ass'y by patting the head of the capstan shaft with the hammer, taking care not to bend the shaft. Flywheel Ass'y

Part No.: X-34720-03

11-5. Pinch Roller Pressure Check

- in STOP mode -

(1) Put the dummy capstan * into the capstan bearing and be sure that the clearance between the pinch levers (A) and (B) is approx. 0.5mm (1/64").



head deck - back view -

Fig. 11-10 Pinch roller pressure check

Be sure that the tension gauge indicates $800 \sim 1,000$ g (1 lb 12 oz \sim 2 lb 3 oz) when the pinch roller is detached from the capstan in FWD mode.

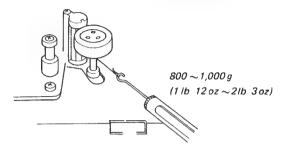
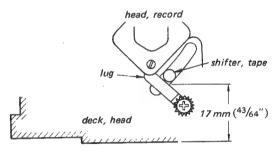


Fig. 11-11 Pinch roller pressure check

11-6. Tape Shifter Position Adjustment

- in STOP mode -



Adjust by positioning the lug.

Fig. 11-12 Tape shifter position adjustment

11-7. Speed Selector Cam Position Adjustment

- in FWD mode -

Adjust the screw to locate the idler arm (c) pin at the center position between the two stopper slots shown, at 19 cm/s tape speed.

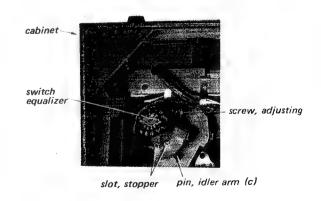


Fig. 11-13 Speed selector cam position adjustment



11-8. Instant Stop Adjustment

- in STOP mode -

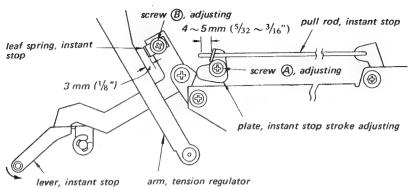


Fig. 11-14 Instant stop adjustment

- (1) Be sure that the tension regulator adjustment has been made.
- (2) Adjust the screw (A) so that the distance between the top of the instant stop pull rod and the instant stop stroke adjusting plate is $4 \sim 5$ mm $(\frac{5}{32} \sim \frac{3}{16})$ in STOP mode.
- (3) Be sure that the clearance between the pinch roller and the capstan is more than 1 mm(3%4") when pulling the instant stop lever in FWD mode, and the instant stop knob is not locked when pulling it in STOP mode.
- (4) Adjust the screw (B) so that the clearance between the tension regulator arm and the instant stop leaf spring is 3 mm(1/8") in STOP mode.
- (5) After the adjustment, apply lock paint to the screws.

11-9. Bias Switch Position Adjustment

- (1) Loosen the two screws and adjust by positioning the switch.
- (2) Be sure that the switch is in ON position in FWD mode, and when the function selector knob is changed slowly from FWD to STOP, the record knob is released after the switch is in OFF.

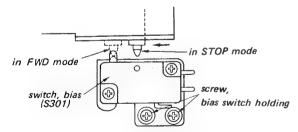


Fig. 11-15 Bias switch position adjustment

11-10. Bias Timing Switch Position Adjustment

- in FWD mode -

Loosen the two screws and adjust by positioning the switch.

in modes except FWD mode: 0.5~ 0.7 mm (1/64")
in FWD mode: To contact sufficiently

deck, head

rod, record releasing
meter, VU

switch, bias timing
(S305)

screw

Fig. 11-16 Bias timing switch position adjustment

11-11. Idler Arm (C) Stroke Check

- in FWD mode at 4.8 cm/s (17/8 ips) tape speed -

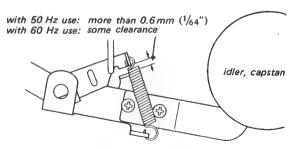


Fig. 11-17 Idler arm (C) stroke check

11-12. Capstan Idler Position Adjustment

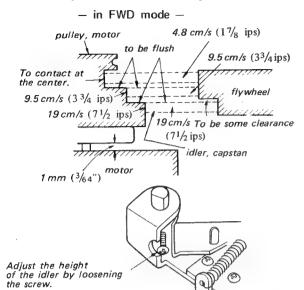


Fig. 11-18 Capstan idler position adjustment

After the adjustment, be sure that the capstan idler does not come in contact with the flywheel and the motor pulley in STOP mode with $60 \, \text{Hz}$ use and the clearance between the capstan idler and the motor pulley is more than 3 mm ($\frac{1}{8}$ ") in STOP mode with 50 Hz use.

11-13. Reel Table Height Adjustment

- in FWD, REW & FF modes -

- (1) Adjust the height of the reel table by loosening the screw so that the tape does not come in contact with the reel in FWD, REW & FF modes.
- (2) Perform the back-tension and torque adjustments.
- (3) After the adjustment, apply lock paint to the screw.

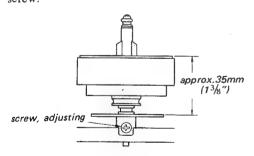


Fig. 11-19 Reel table height adjustment

11-14. Take-up Back-tension Adjustment

- in REW mode -

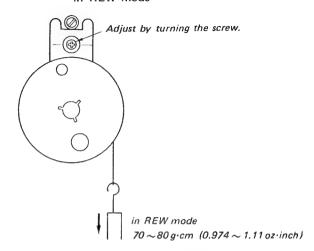


Fig. 11-20 Take-up back-tension adjustment

After the adjustment, perform the FWD torque adjustment and apply lock paint to the screw.

11-15. FWD Torque Adjustment

- in FWD mode -

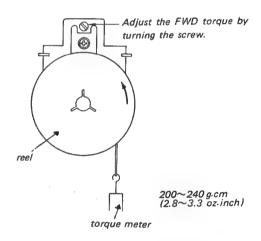


Fig. 11-21 FWD torque adjustment

After the adjustment, check the take-up back-tension torque and apply lock paint to the screw.

11-16. Scrape Flutter Filter Roller Check

- in FWD mode at 4.8 cm/s (1% ips) tape speed -

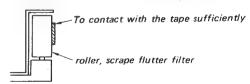


Fig. 11-22 Scrape flutter filter roller check



11-17. Brake Adjustment

- in STOP mode -

supply brake torque	direction A	500~750 g.cm (6.96~10.4 oz.inch)
107900	direction B	1,000~1,800 g.cm (13.9~25 oz.inch)

take-up brake torque	direction C	400~550 g.cm (5.56~7.65 oz.inch)
	direction D	1,600~2,200 g.cm (22.2~30.6 oz-inch)

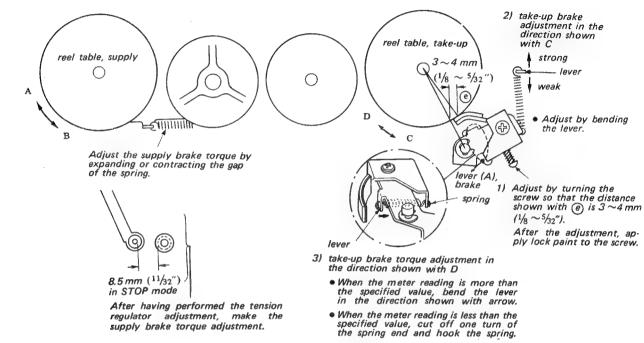


Fig. 11-23 Brake adjustment

11-18. Tape Slack Check

Place the machine in vertical position and thread the tape with 7" reel.

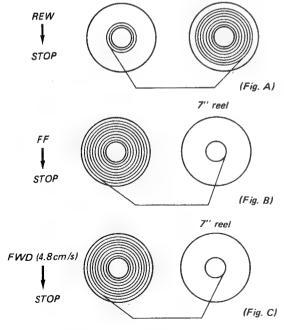


Fig. 11-24 Tape slack check

- (1) When changing the function selector knob slowly from REW to STOP at the end of the tape, be sure not to slack the tape (See Fig. A).
- (2) When changing the function selector knob from FF to STOP at the beginning of the tape, be sure not to slack the tape (See Fig. B).
- (3) When pulling the instant stop knob in FWD mode at the beginning of the tape, be sure not to slack the tape.
- (4) When changing the function selector knob from FWD to STOP at the beginning of the tape at the 4.8cm/s (1 1/8 ips) tape speed, be sure not to slack the tape (See Fig. C).

11-19. FF & REW Torque Adjustments

- in FF & REW modes -

Adjust the position of the leaf spring to obtain the specified values on the torque meter. (Read the values when the driving idler is forced to stop the motion.)

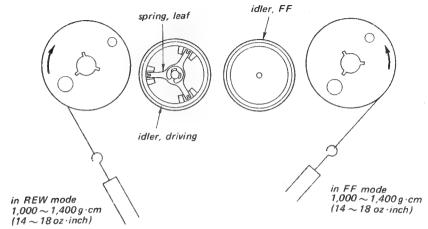
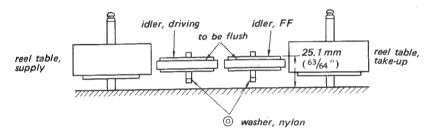


Fig. 11-25 FF & REW torque adjustments

11-20. FF & Driving Idler Height Adjustments

- in STOP mode -



nylon washer

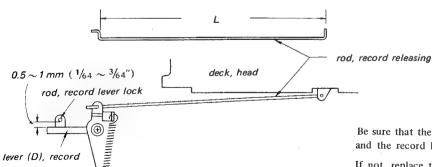
Part No.	thickness	
Tare No.	tillexiless	
3-425-197-01	0.13 mm	
3-425-197-11	0.25 mm	
3-425-197-21	0.50 mm	

Adjust the height of the idler by adding or removing the nylon washer.

Fig. 11-26 FF & driving idler height adjustments

11-21. Record Releasing Rod Adjustment

- in STOP mode -



rod, record releasing

Part No.	L (length)
3-472-240-02	150mm
3-472-240-11	150.5 mm
3-472-240-21	151 mm

Be sure that the clearance between the record lever lock rod and the record lever (D) is $0.5 \sim 1$ mm ($\frac{1}{64} \sim \frac{3}{64}$ ").

If not, replace the record releasing rod or bend the record lever (D).

Fig. 11-27 Record releasing rod adjustment

TC-366

11-22. Flywheel Brake Check

- in REW mode -

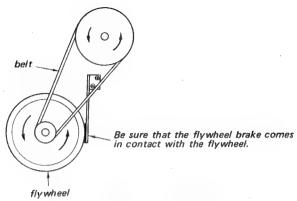


Fig. 11-28 Flywheel brake check

11-23. Tape Speed Adjustment

- (1) Playback the SONY speed check tape (SPC-47) at 19 cm/s ($7^{1}/2 \text{ ips}$) tape speed in horizontal position.
- (2) If the counter reading is out of 3,960~4,040 Hz, replace with the motor pulley with identifying mark shown below.

 (As for Part No. of the motor pulley, refer to page 40.)

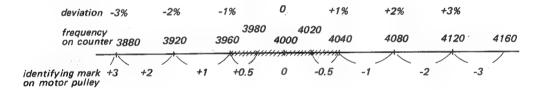


Fig. 11-29 Tape speed adjustment

Standard

	19 cm/s (7 ½ ips)	9.5 cm/s (3 ³ / ₄ ips)	4.8cm/s(17/8 ips)
Deviation (%)	±1,5	±1.5	±1.5
Variation Limit (%)	1	1	1

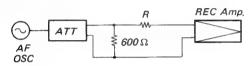
12. ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT

Note:

 Before connecting the measuring equipments to the input or the output jack of the machine, take the impedance-matching correctly as shown below.

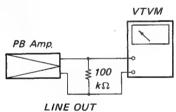
Input	Rated Input Level (Input Impedance)	Output	Rated Output Level (Load Impedance)
MIC	-60 dB (600Ω)	LINE	0.40 (1001-0)
AUX	-10 dB (10 kΩ)	OUT 0 dB (100 kΩ)	
REC/PB Connec- tor	-33 dB (80 kΩ)	REC/PB Connec- tor	0 dB (100 kΩ)

Input Connection



Input	R
AUX	10 kΩ
MIC	0Ω
REC/PB Connector	80 kΩ

Output Connection



- (2) During the adjustment, the MIC VR and the AUX VR should be set at the position described below, unless otherwise specified.
 - MIC VR..... Set them to the position where the LINE OUT level is 0 dB (0.775V) when delivering a 1 kHz signal of -60 dB (0.775 mV) into the MIC jack with the AUX VR set to the minimum position and the MONITOR SW set to SOURCE position.

- AUX VR..... Set them to the position where the LINE OUT level is 0 dB (0.775V) when delivering a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24 V) into the AUX jack with the MIC VR set to the minimum position and the MONITOR SW set in SOURCE position.
- (3) Before making the head adjustment, demagnetize and clean the RECORD head and the PB head with swab or soft cloth dampened with denatured alcohol.
- (4) The switches should be set in the following positions, unless otherwise specified.

TAPE SELECT SW NORMAL NOISE SUPPRESS SW OFF

- (5) A new tape or a sufficiently-demagnetized tape should be used as a blank test tape.
- (6) The adjustment should be made in numerical order.
 - 12-1 Power Voltage Adjustment
 - (12-2) Tape Pass Adjustment
 - 12-3 Tape Curl Adjustment
 - P.B. Head Azimuth & Angle Adjustments
 - 12-5 P.B. Head Phase Check
 - P.B. Output Level Adj. & Level Meter Calibration
 - 12-7 P.B. Equalizer Adjustment
 - 12-8 P.B. S/N Ratio Check
 - 12-9 Trap Coil Adjustment
 - Record Head Azimuth and Track Position Adjustments
 - (12-11) Record Head Phase Check
 - (12-12) Record Bias Adjustment
 - (12-13) Record Level Adjustment
 - (12-14) Record Equalizer Adjustment
 - (12-15) Dummy Coil Adjustment
 - 12-16 Erase Ratio Measurement
 - (12-17) Overall Frequency Response Measurement
 - (12-18) Overall S/N Ratio Measurement
 - (12-19) Distortion Measurement
 - 12-20 Cross-talk Measurement (between channels)
 - (12-21) Cross-talk Measurement (between tracks)

Notes on replacing the heads:

1. Erase Head Removal

When removing the erase head from the head deck, remove the two screws shown with \triangle in Fig. 12-1. (Do not remove the three screws shown with % in Fig. 12-1)

2. Record or P.B. Head Removal

When removing the record or the p.b. head, remove the respective angle adjusting screws. (Do not turn the screws except the angle adjusting screws)

3. After replacing the heads, be sure the following items.

Erase Head

- The tape touches at the center of erase head cores.
- (2) The tape comes in contact with the scrape flutter filter roller in FWD mode.

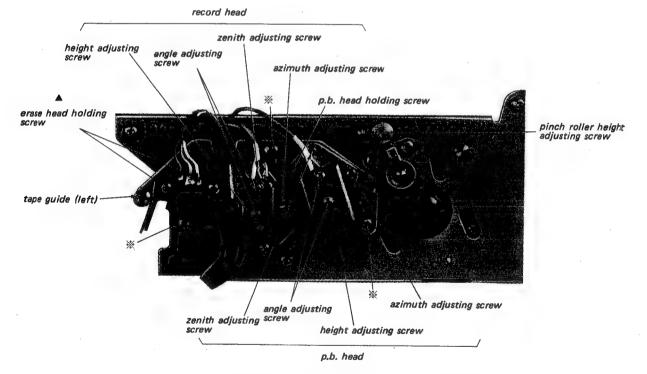
- (3) Tape Pass Adjustment (See page 28)
- (4) Record Bias Adjustment (See page 33)
- (5) Record Level Check (See page 34)
- (6) Record Equalizer Adjustment (See page 34)
- (7) Erase Ratio Measurement (See page 35)

Record Head

- (1) Tape Pass Adjustment (See page 28)
- (2) Record Bias Adjustment (See page 33)
- (3) Record Head Azimuth Adjustment (See page 32)
- (4) Record Head Phase Check (See page 33)
- (5) Record Level Adjustment (See page 34)
- (6) Record Equalizer Adjustment (See page 34)
- (7) Overall Frequency Response (See page 36)

P.B. Head

- (1) Tape Pass Adjustment (See page 28)
- (2) P.B. Head Azimuth and Angle Adjustments (See page 30)
- (3) P.B. Head Phase Check (See page 30)
- (4) P.B. Output Level Adjustment (See page 30)
- (5) P.B. Equalizer Adjustment (See page 31)



CAUTION: Do not remove the three screws marked with &.

Fig. 12-1 Adjusting parts location (1)

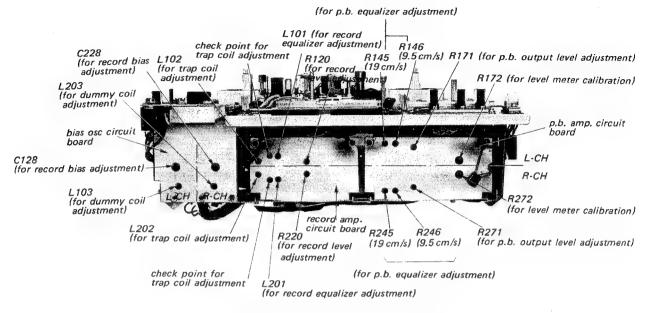


Fig. 12-2 Adjusting parts location (2)

12-1. Power Voltage Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-3.

Adjusting Parts:

R309 100 kΩ (B) See Fig. 12-4.

Procedures:

- (1) Be sure that the correct power voltage is supplied.
- (2) Place the machine in STOP mode.
- (3) Adjust R309 to obtain $25 \sim 26 \text{V}$ on the VTVM.

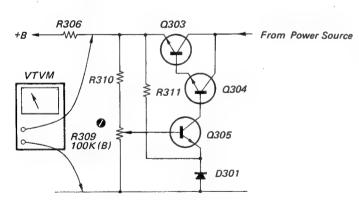


Fig. 12-3 Power voltage adjustment

CAUTION

Be careful not to short-circuit the B⁺ circuit to ground, or the transistor Q304 will be broken.

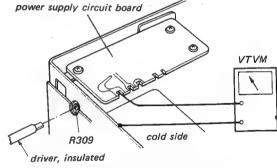


Fig. 12-4 Power voltage adjustment



12-2. Tape Pass Adjustment

(A) Tape Guide (left) Adjustment

Adjusting Parts:

tape guide (left) See Fig. 12-1

- (1) Thread a tape.
- (2) Align the upper edge of the tape just on the upper edge of the erase head core by turning the tape guide located on the left side of the erase head.
- (3) Turn the tape guide located on the left side of the erase head clockwise by approximately 35° from the position obtained in the preceding procedures, so that the upper edge of the tape is approximately 0.05 mm lower than that of the erase head core.

Procedures:

- (1) Turn the azimuth adjusting screws and the angle adjusting screws so that the record head and the playback head are positioned nearly as shown in Fig. 12-5.
- (2) Turn the p.b. head height adjusting screw so that the upper edge of the p.b. head is 0.025 mm lower than that of the tape and memorize the angle of turns.
- (3) Turn the p.b. head zenith adjusting screw by the same angle of turns to the same direction of the p.b. head height adjusting screw.

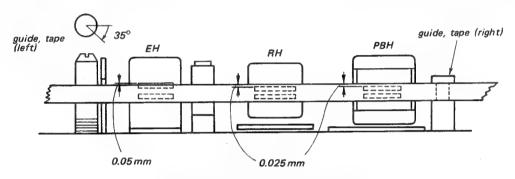


Fig. 12-5 Tape guide (left) adjustment

(B) Tentative Record and P.B. Heads Adjustments

Adjusting Parts:

(See Fig. 12-1.)

- P.B. Head
- (1) azimuth adjusting screw
- 2 angle adjusting screws
- 3 height adjusting screw
- 2 zenith adjusting screw
- Record Head
- 1 azimuth adjusting screw
- 2 angle adjusting screws
- (3) height adjusting screw
- 4 zenith adjusting screw

(The p.b. head and the record head adjustments should be made in numerical order.)

- (4) Turn the record head height adjusting screw so that the upper edge of the record head is 0.025 mm lower than that of the tape and memorize the angle of turns.
- (5) Turn the record head zenith adjusting screw by the same angle of turns to the same direction of the record head height adjusting screw.
- (6) Set the machine at 19 cm/s (7½ ips) tape speed.
- (7) Make the tape loose a little by pushing the tension regulator arm pin in the direction shown with arrow in Fig. 12-6 and then adjust the p.b. head and the record head zenith adjusting screws to obtain the reflection of light as shown in Fig. 12-6.

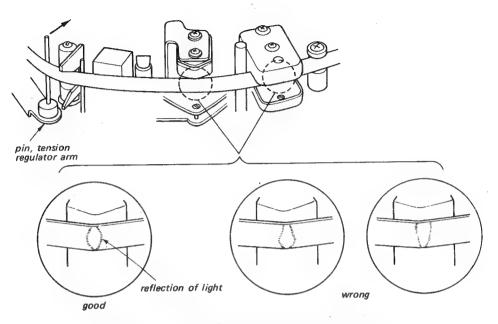


Fig. 12-6 Tentative record and p.b. heads adjustment

12-3. Tape Curl Adjustment

Procedures:

- (1) Set the machine at 4.8 cm/s (11/8 ips) tape speed.
- (2) Be sure that the tape comes in contact with the two tape guides exactly as shown in Fig. 12-7.
 - If the tape is curled at the left tape guide, adjust by bending the tension regulator arm pin with fingers.
 - •If the tape is curled at the right tape guide, loosen the two capstan bearing holding screws and adjust by adding or removing the mylar spacer.

Note: After adding or removing the mylar spacer, perform the p.b. head zenith adjustment.

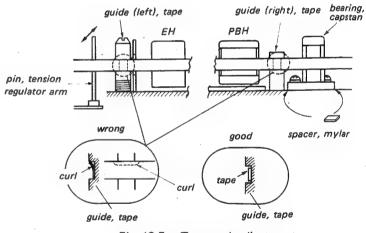


Fig. 12-7 Tape curl adjustment



12-4. P.B. Head Azimuth and Angle Adjustments

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-8.

Adjusting Parts:

p.b. head azimuth adjusting screw (See Fig. 12-1) p.b. head angle adjusting screws (See Fig. 12-1)

Switch Setting:

Procedures:

- (1) Be sure that the p.b. head is secured sufficiently to the head deck with the holding screw shown in Fig. 12-1, and the tape pass adjustment has been made.
- (2) Playback the 1st tone (10kHz) of SONY alignment tape, J-19-F₁ or J-19-K₁.
- (3) Adjust the p.b. head azimuth adjusting screw with a non-magnetic screw driver to obtain the maximum reading on VTVM in both L-CH and R-CH.
- (4) If the maximum value of R-CH is not the same as that of L-CH, adjust the screw to obtain the mean value of both L-CH and R-CH maximum readings.
- (5) Apply the back-tension by holding lightly the supply reel table, reproducing the alignment tape, and then adjust the angle of the head by loosening the two angle adjusting screws so that the indication on both L-CH and R-CH falls.

Note: Unless the p.b. head is installed at correct angle, the indications on the VTVM will go up.

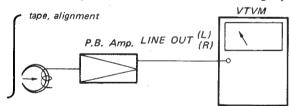


Fig. 12-8 P.B. head azimuth and angle adjustment setup

12-5. P.B. Head Phase Check

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-9.

Adjusting Parts:

p.b. head azimuth adjusting screw (See Fig. 12-1.)

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

Procedures:

- (1) Playback the 2nd tone (400 Hz) of SONY alignment tape J-19-F₁ or J-19-K₁.
- (2) Adjust the p.b. head azimuth adjusting screw to obtain the Lissajous figure with no phase difference as shown in Fig. 12-10 on the oscilloscope.
- (3) Playback the 1st tone (10 kHz) of SONY alignment tape J-19-F₁, or J-19-K₁.
- (4) Adjust the p.b. head azimuth adjusting screw exactly so that the phase difference between L-CH and R-CH is less than 90°.

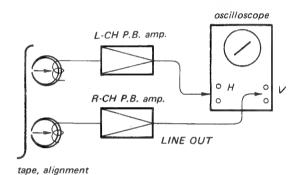


Fig. 12-9 P.B. head phase check setup

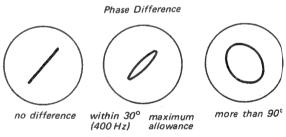


Fig. 12-10 Lissajous figures

12-6. P.B. Output Level Adjustment and Level Meter Calibration

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-11.

Adjusting Parts:

Switch Setting:

Procedures:

- (1) Playback the 2nd tone (400 Hz, -0 dB) of SONY alignment tape J-19-F₁ or J-19-K₁.
- (2) Adjust R171(R271) to obtain 0dB(0.775V) on the VTVM.
- (3) Adjust R172 (R272) so that the pointer of the level meter just stays at the boundary between the red portion and the black portion.
- (4) Change the TAPE SELECT switch to SLH.
- (5) Be sure that the VTVM reading is $-2 \sim -3$ dB $(0.61 \sim 0.55 \text{V})$.

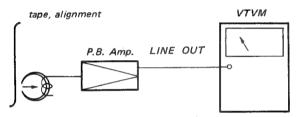


Fig. 12-11 P.B. output level adjustment and level meter calibration setup

12-7. P.B. Equalizer Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-12.

Adjusting Parts:

R145(R245)-19 cm/s tape speed See Fig. 12-2 R146(R246)-9.5 cm/s tape speed See Fig. 12-2

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE
TAPE SPEED switch 19 cm/s (7½ ips)

Procedures:

CAUTION

Never fail to make the 19cm/s equalizer adjustment first.

- A) In using the SONY alignment tape J-19-K1
 - (1) Playback the 1st tone (10 kHz, -10 dB) of the tape and memorize the reading on the VTVM.
 - (2) Playback the 2nd tone (400 Hz, 0 dB) of the tape and adjust R145 (R245) so that the reading on the VTVM is 10 dB higher than the reading obtained in the preceding procedure (1).

- (3) Change the TAPE SPEED switch from 19 cm/s to 9.5 cm/s (from 7½ ips to 3¾ ips).
- (4) Playback the 1st tone of the tape and memorize the reading on the VTVM.
- (5) Playback the 2nd tone of the tape and adjust R146 (R246) so that the reading on the VTVM is 10 dB higher than the reading obtained in the preceding procedure (4).
- B) in using the SONY alignment tape J-19-F1
 - (1) Playback the 3rd tone (400 Hz, -10 dB) of the tape and memorize the reading on the VTVM.
 - (2) Playback the 4th tone (10 kHz, -10 dB) of the tape and adjust R145 (R245) so that the reading on the VTVM is the same as the reading obtained in the preceding procedure (1).
 - (3) Change the TAPE SPEED switch from 19 cm/s to 9.5 cm/s (from 7½ ips to 3¾ ips).
 - (4) Playback the 3rd tone of the tape and memorize the reading on the VTVM.
 - (5) Playback the 4th tone of the tape and adjust R146 (R246) so that the reading on the VTVM is the same as the reading obtained in preceding procedure (4).

After the adjustment, perform the p.b. output level adjustment and the level meter calibration.

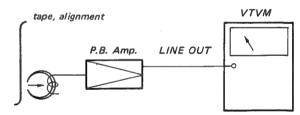


Fig. 12-12 P.B. equalizer adjustment setup

SPEED	4th tone 10kHz	5th tone 7kHz	6th tone 80 Hz	7th tone 40 Hz
19 cm/s	0+240	0 ± 2 dB	(L-CH) (L-C	4 ± 2dB (L-CH)
(7½ ips)	0 ± 2 dB	U ± 20B	2.5 ± 2 dB (R-CH)	4.5 ± 2 dB (R-CH)

SONY alignment tape "J-19-F1"



12-8. P.B. S/N Ratio Check

Connection:

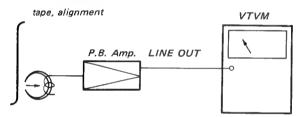
As shown in Fig. 12-13.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

Procedures:

- (1) Playback the 2nd tone (400 Hz) of the SONY alignment tape J-19-F1 or J-19-K1 and be sure that the VTVM reading is 0 dB (0.775V). If not, make the p.b. output level adjustment again.
- (2) Set the machine in FWD mode with no tape, by pushing the shut-off lever with
- (3) Be sure that the VTVM reading is less than -48 dB (3 mV).
- (4) S/N ratio will change by reversing the sense of motor, so that it is necessary to select the connection of the joint terminals connected to the motor leads to obtain better S/N ratio.



P.B. S/N ratio check setup Fig. 12-13

12-9. Trap Coil Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-14.

Adjusting Parts:

L102 (L202) See Fig. 12-2

Procedures:

- (1) Set the MIC VOLUME to the minimum position.
- (2) Place the machine in record mode.
- (3) Connect the VTVM to the check point shown in Fig. 12-2,
- (4) Adjust L102 (L202) to obtain the minimum reading on the VTVM.

Note: If the VTVM reading is not less than -30 dB (24.5 mV), try to move the positions of MIC jack leads and NOISE SUPPRESS switch leads.

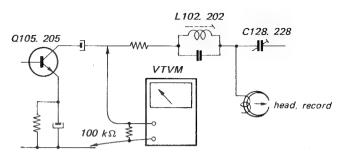


Fig. 12-14 Trap coil adjustment setup

12-10. Record Head Azimuth and Track Position Adjustments

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-15.

Adjusting Parts:

Record Head azimuth adjusting screw height adjusting screw See Fig. 12-1 zenith adjusting screw

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Be sure that the trap coil adjustment has been made.
- (2) Thread a blank tape.
- (3) Deliver a 15 kHz siganl of -30 dB (24.5 mV) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (4) Adjust the record head azimuth adjusting screw so that the VTVM reading is the maximum for both L-CH and R-CH. case the maximum reading of R-CH is not the same as one of L-CH, take the mean value between L-CH and R-CH. (The mean value should not be fallen more
 - than 1 dB from the maximum value.)
- (5) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24V) into the R-CH AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (6) Adjust the height adjusting screw to obtain the maximum reading on the VTVM and memorize the angle of turns of the screw.

- (7) Turn the zenith adjusting screw by the same angle of turns of the height adjusting screw obtained in preceding procedure (6).
- (8) After the adjustment, check the tape pass adjustment again.

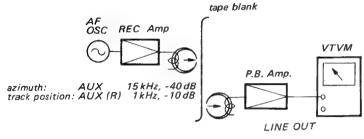


Fig. 12-15 Record head azimuth and track position adjustment setup

12-11. Record Head Phase Check

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-16.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Make the p.b. head phase check.
- (2) Thread a blank tape.
- (3) Deliver a 1.5 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24V) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (4) Be sure to obtain the Lissajous figure as shown in Fig. 12-17.

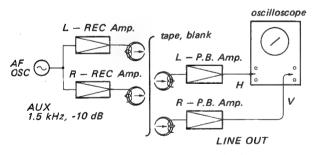


Fig. 12-16 Record head phase check setup

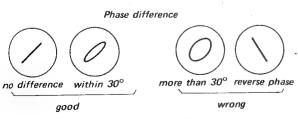


Fig. 12-17 Lissajous figures

12-12. Record Bias Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-19.

Adjusting Parts:

C128 (C228)See Fig. 12-2

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE
TAPE SPEED switch 19 cm/s (7½ ips)

VR Setting:

AUX and MIC VOLUME

.....indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Be sure that the trap coil adjustment has been made.
- (2) Thread a blank tape.
- (3) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.245V) into the AUX INput jack.
- (4) While recording the signal on the blank tape, turn the trimmer capacitor C128 (C228) clockwise slowly until the VTVM reads the maximum value.
- (5) Continue to turn the trimmer capacitor until the VTVM reads a value 0.5 dB below the maximum reading.
- (6) Disconnect the VTVM and connect it across the record head.
- (7) Be sure that the VTVM reading is approximately 14V.
- (8) Be sure that the VTVM reading decreases by degrees, as the TAPE SPEED switch is changed to 9.5 cm/s and then 4.8 cm/s.
- (9) After the adjustment, apply lock paint to the capacitors.

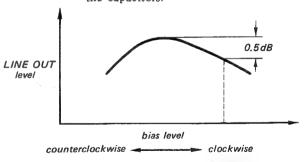


Fig. 12-18 Record bias characteristics



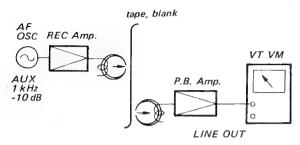


Fig. 12-19 Record bias adjustment setup

12-13. Record Level Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-20.

Adjusting Parts:

R120 (R220) See Fig. 12-2

Switch Setting:

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Thread a blank tape.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24V) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (3) Adjust R120 (R220) to obtain 0 dB on the VTVM.
- (4) Be sure that the VTVM reading is 0 dB (0.775V) when changing the MONITOR switch to SOURCE and the pointer of the level meter just stays at the boundary between the red portion and the black portion when changing the MONITOR switch to TAPE.
- (5) When changing the TAPE SELECT switch to SLH with the MONITOR switch set in SOURCE, be sure that the reading on the VTVM decreases approximately 1.5 dB.

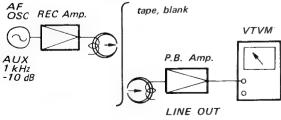


Fig. 12-20 Record level adjustment setup

12-14. Record Equalizer Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-21.

Adjusting Parts:

L101 (L201) See Fig. 12-2

Switch Setting:

VR Setting

AUX VOLUME.....indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Be sure that the p.b. equalizer adjustment, the trap coil adjustment and the record bias adjustment have been made.
- (2) Thread a blank tape.
- (3) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -40 dB (7.75 mV) into the AUX INput jack and memorize the reading on the VTVM, while recording the signal on the blank tape.
- (4) Change the signal from 1 kHz to 20 kHz.
- (5) Adjust L101 (L201) to obtain the same reading obtained in preceding procedure (3) on the VTVM.
- (6) When changing the signal continuously from 20 kHz to 10 kHz be sure that the deviation on the VTVM is within ±3 dB. If the deviation is more than ±3 dB in level, make the tape pass and the record head azimuth adjustments.

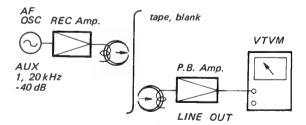


Fig. 12-21 Record equalizer adjustment setup

12-15. Dummy Coil Adjustment

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-22.

Adjusting Parts:

L103 (L203) See Fig. 12-2

Switch Settings:

MONITOR switch TAPE
TAPE SPEED switch 19 cm/s (7½ ips)

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Thread a blank tape.
- (2) Deliver a 20 kHz signal of -30 dB (24.5 mV) into the L-CH (R-CH) AUX INput jack and place the machine in stereo-record mode.
- (3) Memorize the VTVM reading.
- (4) Set the L-CH (R-CH) in record mode.
- (5) Adjust L203 (L103) with a non-magnetic screw driver, taking care not to break the core so that the VTVM reading is the same as the reading obtained in preceding procedure (3).

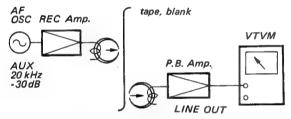


Fig. 12-22 Dummy coil adjustment setup

12-16. Erase Ratio Measurement

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-23.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Thread a blank tape.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of +10 dB (2.5 V) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (3) Rewind the tape and erase a part of the recorded tape (record mode with no signal input).
- (4) Memorize the VTVM reading on the recorded part and the erased part of the tape.
- (5) Be sure that the ratio of the recorded part to the erased part in level is more than 65 dB

If not, check the tape pass adjustment and that the erasing current is $80 \sim 120 \, \text{mA}$. To measure the erasing current, connect the two 1Ω resistors in series to the erase head as shown in Fig. 12-24 and the VTVM across the 1Ω resistor.

Be sure that the VTVM reading is $80 \sim 120 \text{ mV}$.

Note: Take impedance-matching correctly for the bandpass filter.

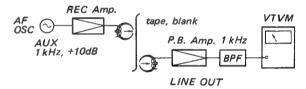


Fig. 12-23 Erase ratio measurement setup

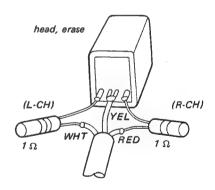


Fig. 12-24 Erasing current check setup

12-17. Overall Frequency Response Measurement

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-25.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- Be sure that the trap coil adjustment has been made.
- (2) Thread a blank tape.
- (3) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -40 dB (7.75 mV) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape and memorize the VTVM reading.
- (4) Deliver 50 Hz, 100 Hz, 5 kHz, 7 kHz, 12.5 kHz and 18 kHz signals in turn and record them on the blank tape and memorize the VTVM readings respectively.
- (5) Be sure that each deviation in level against 1 kHz signal is within the values shown in the table below.

If not, perform the record equalizer and the record bias adjustments.

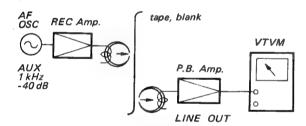


Fig. 12-25 Overall frequency response measurement setup

Deviation against the 1 kHz signal

frequency tape speed		100 Hz	5 kHz	7 kHz	12.5 kHz	18kHz
19 cm/s (7½ ips)	± 3dB	± 3dB	± 3dB	± 3dB	± 3dB	+3 -6 dB
9.5 cm/s (3 ³ / ₄ ips)	+ 3 - 10 dB	± 3dB	± 3dB	± 3dB	+ 3 -12dB	
4.8 cm/s (1 1/8 ips)	+ 3 - 10 dB	± 3dB	+ 3 - 7 dB			

12-18. Overall S/N Ratio Measurement

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-26.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME..... indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Thread a blank tape.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24 V) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (3) Remove the input connection of the audio generator and terminate the MIC and the AUX INput jacks with the dummy resistors $(MIC-600\Omega, AUX-10 k\Omega)$.
- (4) Rewind the recorded tape and erase a part of the recorded tape (record mode with no signal input).
- (5) Be sure that the ratio of the recorded part of the tape to the erased part on the VTVM is more than 45 dB.

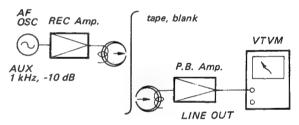


Fig. 12-26 Overall S/N ratio measurement setup

12-19. Distortion Measurement

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-27.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

(1) Before measuring the distortion, be sure that the trap coil adjustment has been made.

- (2) Thread a blank tape.
- (3) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24V) into the AUX INput jack and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (4) Be sure that the reading on the distortion meter is less than 1.5%.

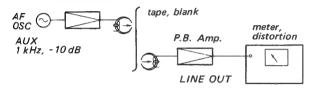


Fig. 12-27 Distortion measurement setup

12-20. Cross-talk Measurement (between channels)

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-28.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Thread a blank tape.
- (2) Place the machine in stereo-record mode.
- (3) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of +10 dB (2.5V) into the L-CH AUX INput jack.
- (4) Be sure that the ratio of the L-CH LINE OUTPUT to the R-CH LINE OUTPUT on the VTVM is more than 45 dB.

Note: Take impedance-matching correctly for the band-pass filter.

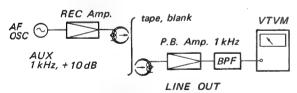


Fig. 12-28 Cross-talk measurement setup (between channels)

12-21. Cross-talk Measurement (between tracks)

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-29.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

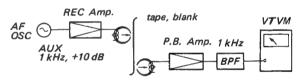
VR Setting:

AUX VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

- (1) Thread a blank tape.
- (2) Place the machine in stereo-record mode.
- (3) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of +10 dB (2.5 V) into the L-CH & R-CH AUX INput jacks and record the signal on the blank tape.
- (4) Playback the tape and memorize the L-CH or R-CH VTVM reading, and then take up the tape.
- (5) Turn the recorded tape upside down and put it on the supply reel table.
- (6) Playback the recorded portion of the tape and memorize the L-CH or the R-CH VTVM reading.
- (7) Be sure that the ratio of the VTVM reading obtained in procedure (4) to the VTVM reading obtained in procedure (6) is more than 65 dB.

Note: Take impedance-matching correctly for the band-pass filter.



LINE OUT

Fig. 12-29 Cross-talk measurement setup (between tracks)

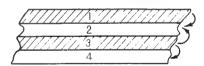


Fig. 12-30 Recorded tape

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12-22. Noise Suppress Check

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-31.

Switch Setting:

Procedures:

- (1) Deliver a 9 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24V) and adjust the AUX VOLUME to obtain 0 dB (0.775V) on the VTVM.
- (2) Be sure that the VTVM reading is $-5.5\sim$ -1.5 dB (0.41 \sim 0.65V) when the NOISE SUPPRESS switch is changed to ON.

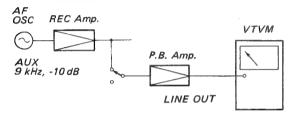


Fig. 12-31 Noise suppress check setup

12-23. Interference Check between MIC & AUX VOLUMES

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-32.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch SOURCE

Procedures:

A) Interference with MIC VOLUME when using AUX INput jack

- (1) Set the AUX VOLUME to the position indicated on page 25.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -10 dB (0.24 V) into the AUX INput jack.
- (3) Be sure that the level variation is within 1 dB on the VTVM when the MIC VOLUME is changed from the minimum to the maximum position.

B) Interference with AUX VOLUME when using MIC jack

- (1) Set the MIC VOLUME to the position indicated on page 25.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -60 dB (0.775 mV) into the MIC jack.

(3) Be sure that the level variation is within 2dB on the VTVM when the AUX VOLUME is changed from minimum to maximum position.

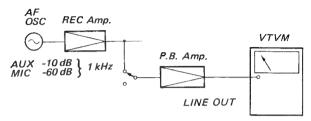


Fig. 12-32 Interference check setup between MIC & AUX VOLUMES

12-24. Minimum Input Level Check

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-33.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switchSOURCE

Procedures:

A) Level Check of MIC jack

- (1) Set the AUX VOLUME to minimum and the MIC VOLUME to maximum position.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal into the MIC jack and adjust the level of the audio oscillator to obtain 0 dB (0.775V) on the VTVM.
- (3) Be sure that the signal level on the audio oscillator is less than -72dB (0.2mV).

B) Level Check of AUX INput jack

- (1) Set the MIC VOLUME to minimum and the AUX VOLUME to maximum position.
- (2) Deliver a 1 kHz signal into the AUX IN put jack and adjust the level of the audio oscillator to obtain 0 dB (0.775V) on the VTVM.
- (3) Be sure that the signal level on the audio oscillator is less than -22dB (61.5 mV).

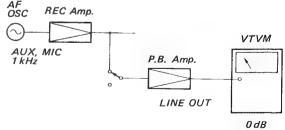


Fig. 12-33 Minimum input level check setup

12-25. Input & Output Level Checks of REC/P.B. Connector

Connection:

As shown in Fig. 12-34.

Switch Setting:

MONITOR switch TAPE

VR Setting:

MIC VOLUME indicated on page 25

Procedures:

(1) Deliver a 1 kHz signal of -33 dB (17.5 mV) to terminal No. ① (L-CH) or ④ (R-CH) of the rec./p.b. connector shown in Fig. 12-35.

- (2) Place the machine in record mode.
- (3) Be sure that the reading on the VTVM connected to the terminal No. 3 (L-CH) or 5 (R-CH) of the rec./p.b. connector is $-5 \sim -1$ dB (0.44 ~ 0.7 V).
- (4) Set the MIC VOLUME to the maximum position and adjust the signal level of the audio oscillator to obtain 0 dB (0.775V) on the VTVM and be sure that the signal level on the audio oscillator is less than -40 dB (7.7 mV).

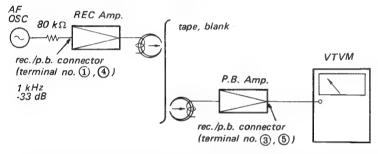


Fig. 12-34 Input & output checks setup of REC/P.B. connector

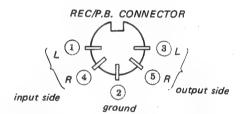


Fig. 12-35 REC/P.B. connector (back view)



13. CONVERSION TO DIFFERENT POWER LINE FREQUENCY

If the deck is to be operated on a line frequency different from the frequency for which the deck is adjusted, it may be easily converted. (Remove the reel panel for access.)

FIRST: Using a screw-driver, turn the line frequency switch (S305) to the correct position for the power to be used (50 or 60 Hz). See Fig. 13-1.

SECOND: Replace the motor pulley as follows:

1. Remove the Instant Stop adjusting plate and withdraw the Instant Stop pull rod.

- 2. Remove the two screws which hold the motor pulley and take the pulley off of its shaft.
- 3. Replace the motor pulley with the correct diameter pulley for the line frequency to be used. ALWAYS replace the pulley with the same marking (i.e., "+3") as the one you removed. (This identifying marking indicates a fine speed tolerance diameter.)
- 4. Adjust by positioning the instant stop adjusting plate so that the distance between the top of the pull rod and the instant stop adjusting plate is $4 \sim 5 \text{ mm} (\frac{5}{32} \sim \frac{13}{64})$ in STOP mode as shown in Fig. 13-2.

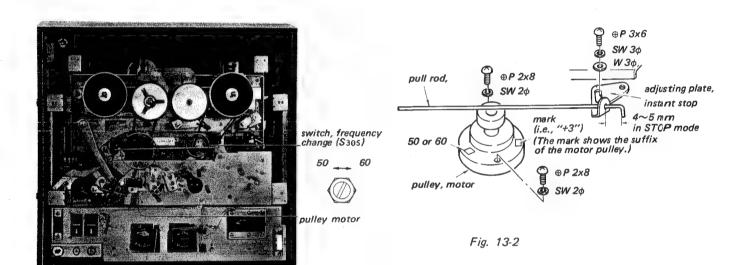


Fig. 13-1

Motor Pulley Part No.					
for	r 50 Hz	for	60 Hz		
Mark on Motor Pulley	Part No.	Mark on Motor Pulley	Part No.		
+3	3-472-184-61	+3	3-472-185-61		
+2	3-472-184-51	+2	3-472-185-51		
+1	3-472-184-41	+1	3-472-185-41		
+0.5	3-472-184-71	+0.5	3-472-185-71		
0	3-472-184-01	0	3-472-185-01		
-0.5	3-472-184-81	- 0.5	3-472-185-81		
-0.5 -1	3-472-184-11	- 1	3-472-185-11		
-1 -2	3-472-184-21	- 2	3-472-185-21		
-2 -3	3-472-184-31	- 3	3-472-185-31		

14. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
	MOUNTED CIR	CUIT BOARDS	C111, 211	1-121-398-	10 μF 25V, electrolytic
	X-34724-21-1	Bias Oscillator	C112, 212	1-121-391-	$1\mu F$ 50V, "
	X-34724-22-1	Record Amp.	C113, 213	1-121-401-	33 μF 6.3V, "
	X-34724-23-1	Power Supply	C114, 214	1-105-678-12	$0.027 \mu F$ 50V, mylar
	X-34724-24-1	Playback Amp.	C115, 215	1-105-681-12	0.047µF 50V, "
	SEMICON	DUCTORS	C116, 216	1-105-681-12	0.047 μF 50V, "
Q101, 201	1-801-007-	Transistor 2SC871	C117, 217	1-105-685-12	0.1 μF 50V, "
Q102, 202	1-801-007-	" 2SC871	C118, 218	1-105-685-12	0.1 μF 50V, "
Q103, 203	1-801-007-	" 2SC871	C119, 219	1-127-020-	$0.22\mu\text{F}$ 10V, alox
Q104, 204	1-801-004-	" 2SC870	C120, 220	1-121-406-	$47 \mu F$ 3.15V, electrolytic
Q105, 205	1-801-004-	" 2SC870			
	. 55. 55.		C121, 221	1-107-125-	56 pF 50V, silvered mica
Q106, 206	1-801-007-	" 2SC871	C122, 222	1-121-394-	4.7 μF 16V, electrolytic
Q107, 207	1-801-007-	" 2SC871	C123, 223	1-105-670-12	0.0056µF 50V, mylar
Q108, 208	1-801-004-	" 2SC870	C124, 224	1-105-670-12	0.0056μF 50V, "
Q109, 209	1-801-004-	" 2SC870	C125, 225	1-105-661-12	0.001 μF 50V, "
Q110, 210	1-801-004-	·· 2SC870			
			C126, 226	1-105-669-12	0.0047 µF 50V, "
Q111, 211	1-801-004-	" 2SC870	C127, 227	1-107-035-11	560 pF 500V, silvered mica
Q 301		" 2SC634A	C128, 228	1-141-010-	$30 \sim 200 \mathrm{pF}$, trimmer
Q 302		" 2SC634A	C129, 229	1-121-748-	10 μF 16V, electrolytic
Q 303		" 2SD28	C130, 230		discarded —
Q 304	1-801-004-	" 2SC870			
Q305	1-801-004-	" 2SC870	C131, 231 C132, 232	1-121 -4 01- 1-107-107-	 33 μF 6.3V, electrolytic 10 pF 50V, silvered mica
D101, 201		Diode 1T22	C132, 232	1-121-403-	33 μF 16V, electrolytic
D 301		" 1T243M	C134, 234	1-105-679-12	0.033 µF 50V, mylar
D 302		" CD-2	C135, 235	1-105-667-12	0.0033µF 50V, "
				1 121 209	10 μF 25V, electrolytic
		ANSFORMERS	C136, 236	1-121-398- 1-121-416-	10 μF 25V, electrolytic 100 μF 25V, "
L 101, 201	1-231-069-	Coil, equalizer, 1.8/1.45 m Coil, trap, 1.8 mH	C137, 237 C138, 238	1-121-391-	1μF 50V, "
L102, 202	1-409-141- 1-407-284-	Coil, dummy, 1 mH	C138, 238	1-105-661-12	0.001 µF 50V, mylar
L103, 203 L301	1-407-198-	Micro Inductor, 2.2 mH	C140, 240	1-105-667-12	0.0033µF 50V, "
L301 L302	1-407-198-	, 2.2 mH	C140, 240	1 100 001 12	, ,
			C141, 241	1-107-141-	270 pF 50V, silvered mica
T101, 201	1-427-217-	Transformer, output	C142, 242	1-105-661-12	$0.001 \mu\text{F}$ 50V, mylar
T 301	1-441-607-	", power	C143, 243	1-121-406-	$47 \mu F$ 3.15V, electrolytic
T 302	1-433-140-	", bias oscillato		1-121-406-	47 μF 3.15V, "
	0404	NECON	C145, 245	1-121-394-	$4.7\mu\mathrm{F}$ 16V, "
C101 001	1-107-131-	CITORS 100 pF 50V, silvered mi	ca C146, 246	1-121-391-	1 μF 50V, "
C 101, 201 C 102, 202	1-107-131-	10 μF 16V, electrolytic		1-121-398-	10 μF 25V, "
C102, 202	1-121-398-	10 μF 25V, "	C148, 248	1-121-391-	1μF 50V, "
C104, 204	1-105-821-12	0.001 µF 50V, mylar	C149, 249	1-105-661-12	0.001 µF 50V, mylar
C105, 205	1-105-821-12	0.001 µF 50V, "	C150, 250	1-105-513-12	0.01 µF 50V, "
- 2001 200					
C106, 206	1-121-413-	100 μF 6.3V, electrolytic		1-105-661-12	0.001 μF 50V, "
C 107, 207	1-121-409-	47 μF 16V, "	C152, 252	1-105-665-12	0.0022μF 50V, "
C108, 208	1-121-398-	$10 \mu\text{F}$ 25V, "	C301	1-103-675-	1000 pF 50V, polystyrol
C109, 209	1-121-416-	100 μF 25V, "	C 302	1-107-242-	390 pF 500V, silvered mica
C110, 210	1-121-391-	1 μF 50V, "	C303 C304	1-107-221-	560 pF 1500V, " - discarded -

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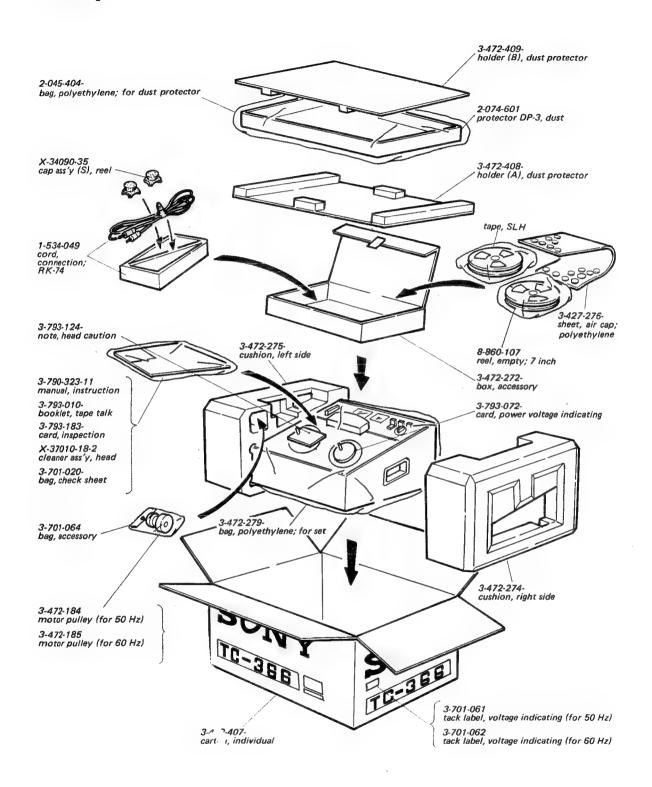
Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
C 305	1-121-396-	4.7 μF 50V, electrolytic	R135, 235	1-242-709-	33 kΩ ¼W, carbon
C 306	1-105-845-12	0.1 μF 50V, mylar	R136, 236	1-242-673-	1 kΩ ", "
C 307	1-105-759-12	0.033 μF 50V, "	R137, 237		discarded -
C 308	1-107-131-	100 pF 50V, silvered mica	R138, 238	1-242-715-	56 kΩ ¼W, carbon
C 309	1-121-388-	1000 μF 35V, electrolytic	R139, 239	1-242-743-	820 kΩ ", "
C 310	1-121-738-	$10\mu\text{F}$ 50V, "	R140, 240	1-242-649-	100Ω ", "
C311	1-121-388-	1000 μF 35V, "	R141, 241	1-242-697-	$10 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ ", "
C 312	1-117-036-	$1.5\mu F + 0.5 \mu F$ 250V, MP	R142, 242	1-242-733-	330 kΩ ′′ , ′′
C 313	1-105-845-12	0.1 μF 50V, mylar	R143, 243	1-242-725-	150 kΩ ", "
C 314	1-107-131-	100pF 50V, silvered mica	R144, 244	1-242-735-	390 kΩ ",
	press	STORS	R145, 245	1-221-978-	4.7 kΩ (B), semi-fixed
R 101, 201	1-244-685-	$3.3 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ 4W, carbon	R146, 246	1-221-978-	4.7 k Ω (B), "
R101, 201	1-244-691-	$5.6 \text{ k}\Omega$ ", "	R147, 247	1-242-681-	$2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ¹ / ₄ W, carbon
R102, 202	1-242-673-	1 kΩ " , "	R148, 248	1-242-701-	15 kΩ ", "
R104, 204	1-242-699-	12 kΩ ", "	R149, 249	1-242-705-	22 kΩ ", "
R105, 205	1-242-715-	56 kΩ " , "	R150, 250	1-242-693-	6.8 kΩ ", "
100, 200	1-2-2-715-	30 K12	K100, 200	1 2 1 2 0 7 3	0.0 Kss ,
R106, 206	1-242-713-	47 kΩ " , "	R151, 251	1-242-711-	39 kΩ ′′ , ′′
R107, 207	1-242-687-	3.9 kΩ " → "	R152, 252	1-242-657-	220Ω ", "
R108, 208	1-242-717-	68 kΩ ", "	R 153, 253	1-242-697-	10 kΩ ", "
R109, 209	1-242-651-	120Ω ", "	R 154, 254	1-242-697-	10 kΩ ", "
R110, 210	1-242-717-	68 kΩ ", "	1		
			R155, 255	1-242-737-	470 kΩ ", "
R111, 211	1-242-716-	62 kΩ ", "	R156, 256	1-242-737-	470 kΩ ", "
R112, 212	1-242-689-	4.7 kΩ ", "	R157, 257	1-242-707-	27 kΩ ", "
R113, 213	1-242-665-	470Ω ′′ , ′′	R158, 258	1-242-735-	390 kΩ ", "
R114, 214	1-242-715-	56 kΩ ", "	R159, 259	1-242-723-	120 kΩ ′′ , ′′
R115, 215	1-242-725-	150 kΩ ", "		1 0 1 0 6 0 0	
D	1 040 705	1501 -	R160, 260	1-242-683-	2.7 km ", "
R116, 216	1-242-725-	150 kΩ ", "	R161, 261	1-242-665-	470Ω ", "
R117, 217	1-242-741-	680 kΩ " "	R162, 262	1-242-713-	47 kΩ ", "
R118, 218	1-242-741-	680 kΩ ", "	R163, 263	1-242-673-	1 kn ", "
R119, 219	1-242-701- 1-221-978-	15 kΩ ", " 4.7 kΩ (B) semi-fixed	R164, 264	1-242-691-	5.6 kΩ ", "
R120, 220	1-221-976-	4.7 KW (B) Selff-liked	R165, 265	1-242-709-	33 kΩ ", "
R121, 221	1-242-659-	270Ω ¼W, carbon	R166, 266	1-242-737-	470 kΩ " , "
R ₁₂₂ , 222	1-242-712-	43 kΩ ", "	R167, 267	1-242-681-	2.2 kΩ ", "
R ₁₂₃ , 223	1-242-737-	470 kΩ ", "	R168, 268	1-242-685-	3.3 kΩ ", "
R124, 224	1-242-685-	3.3 kΩ ", "	R169, 269	1-222-306-	100 kΩ (A), variable
R ₁₂₅ , 225	1-242-717-	68 kΩ ", "	1,		
			R170, 270	1-242-725-	150 kΩ ¼W, carbom
R126, 226	1-242-665-	470Ω " , "	R171, 271	1-221-978-	4.7 k Ω (B), semi-fix ed
R ₁₂₇ , 227	1-242-639-	39Ω " , "	R172, 272	1-221-748-	5 kΩ (B), "
R ₁₂₈ , 228	1-242-713-	47 kΩ ", "	R173, 273	1-242-695-	8.2 kΩ ¼W, carbom
R ₁₂₉ , 229	1-242-643-	56Ω ", "	R174, 274	1-244-707-	27 kΩ ", "
R ₁₃₀ , 230	1-242-691-	$5.6 \text{ k}\Omega$ ", "		1 010 = : =	(01 -
Dan on	1 242 660	(000 " "	R175, 275	1-242-717-	68 kΩ ", " 82 kΩ ", "
R ₁₃₁ , 231	1-242-669- 1-242-681-	680Ω ", " $2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ", "	R176, 276	1-242-719- 1-222-305-	82 kΩ '' , '' 20 kΩ (A), variable
R ₁ 32, 232 R ₁ 33, 233	1-242-689-	$2.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ " , " $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ " , "	R177, 277 R178, 278	1-244-701-	15 kΩ ¼W, carbon
R133, 233 R134, 234	1-242-689-		R 301	1-242-657-	220Ω ", "
11104, 204	1-272-007-	$4.7 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ ", "	R 301	1-242-649-	100 Ω " , "
			1.302	1-474-07/-	10045

Symbol	Part No.	Description	Symbol	Part No.	Description
				MISCEL	LANEOUS
R303	1-244-688-	4.3 kΩ ¼W, carbon	М	8-832-624-09	Motor, IC-624H1
R304	1-242-625-	10 Ω " , "	ME	1-524-062-12	VU Meter
R304 R305	1-242-625-	10 Ω " , "	F	1-532-096-11	Fuse, 0.8 A
R306	1-242-641-	47 Ω " , "	PL101,201	1-518-093-21	Lamp, pilot
R307	1-2-42 0-41	- discarded -	PL301	1-518-093-21	, n
1		– discarded –	CN301	1-509-359-11	Connector, rec./p.b.
R308	1 001 664		CP301	1-231-057-	Encapsulated Component,
R309	1-221-664-		C1 301	1-231 037	$0.033 \ \mu\text{F} + 120 \ \Omega$
R310	1-242-719-		CP302	1-101-534-	Encapsulated Component,
R311	1-242-697-	10 kΩ ", "	CI 302	1-101-354-	$0.1 \mu\text{F} + 120 \Omega$
R312	1-242-709-	33 kΩ ", "			0,1 ,01
R313	1-242-617-	4.7 Ω ", "	vs	1-509-064-138	Voltage Selector
			***	1-539-387-11	Printed Circuit Board,
	14.01/0			1-337-307-11	record amp.
_	JACKS			1-539-388-12	Printed Circuit Board,
J101, 201	1-507-142-13	auxiliary input microphone input	1	1 33 3 300 12	playback amp.
J102, 202	1-507-251-13	line output			play outlier.
J103, 203	1-507-142-13	headphone	1	1-539-389-11	Printed Circuit Board,
J 301	1-507-282-11	пеаарпоне		1 337 307 11	bias oscillator
				1-539-390-11	Printed Circuit Board,
	SWITC	HEC	- 1	100707011	power supply
G	1-514-644-	equalizer		1-508-396-11	Joint, terminal (white)
S101, 201	1-514-640-	monitor		. 000 070 11	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
S102, 202	1-514-641-	noise suppress		1-508-396-21	., , ., (yellow)
S103, 203	1-514-453-	record		1-509-367-11	", " (white)
S104, 204 S105, 205	1-514-643-	muting		1-509-367-21	", " (yellow)
S106, 206	1-514-642-	tape selector		1-534-487-22	Cord, power
5100, 200	1311012			1-536-179-11	Terminal Strip,
S301	1-514-643-	bias on/off			1-L-1 (C type)
S302	1-514-644-	equalizer			
S303	1-514-655-	power on/off		1-536-146-11	Terminal Strip,
S304	1-514-039-	automatic shut-off			1-L-1 (A type)
S305	1-514-512-	frequency change		1-536-180-11	Terminal Strip,
S 306	1-514-041-	bias timing			1-L-2 (C type)
				1-536-181-11	Terminal Strip,
	HEAD	-			2-L-1 (C type)
RH	8-824-629-20	record, RP102-2902			1 11 6
PH	8-829-129-20	playback, PP102-2902		1-533-006-11	holder, fuse
EH	8-826-629-24	erase, EF18-2902A			

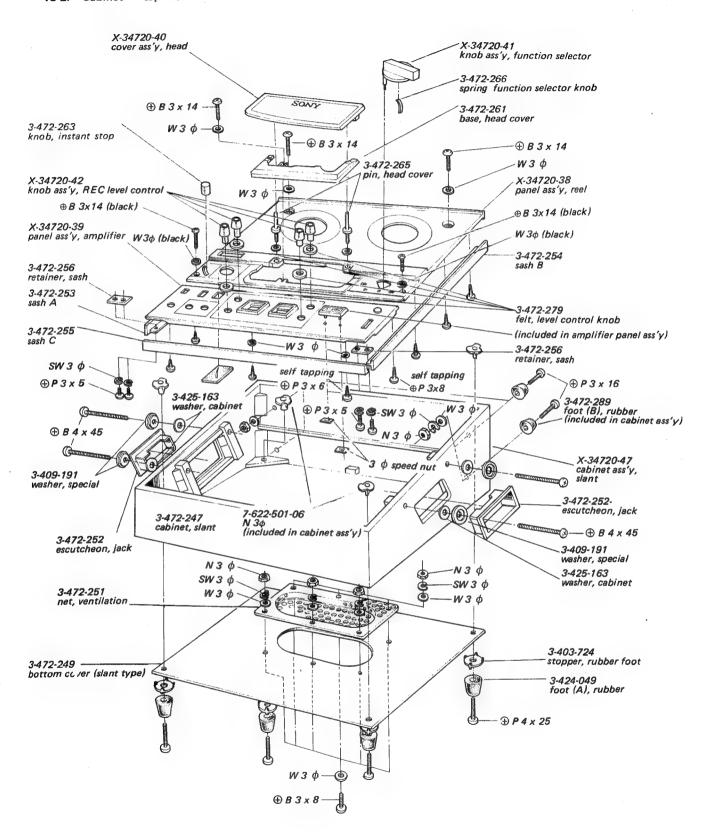


15. EXPLODED VIEW

15-1. Packing

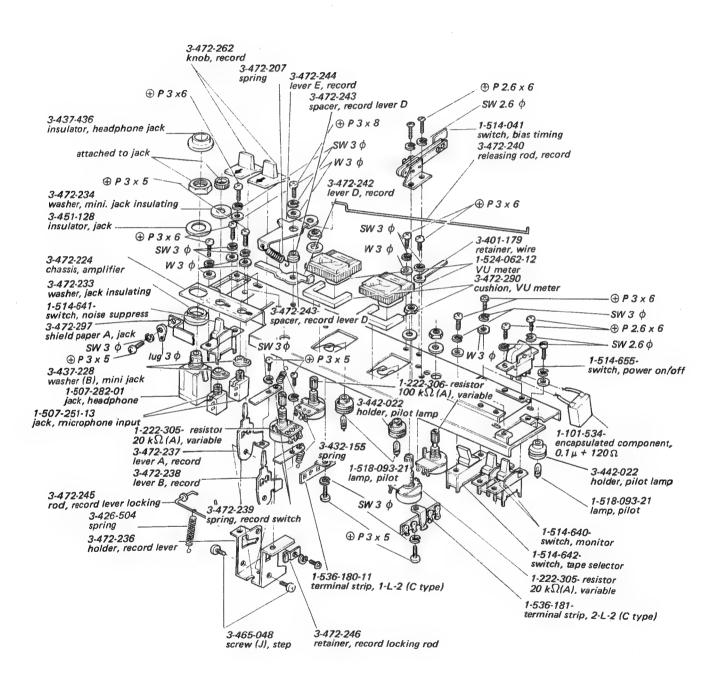


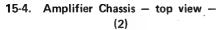
15-2. Cabinet - top view -

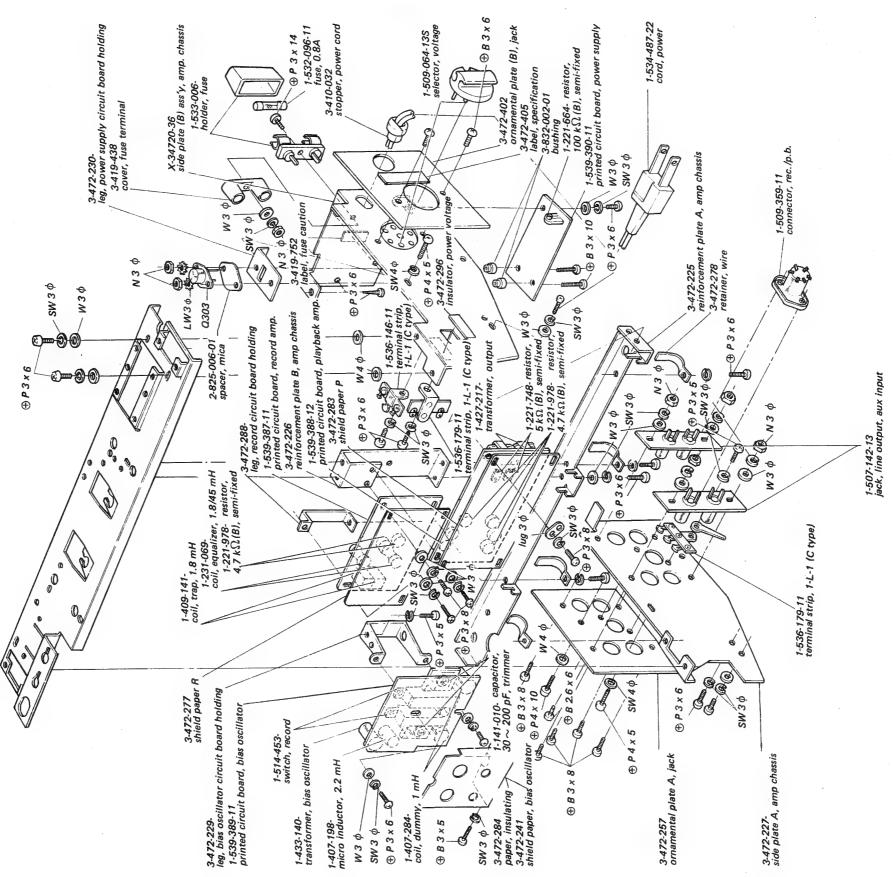


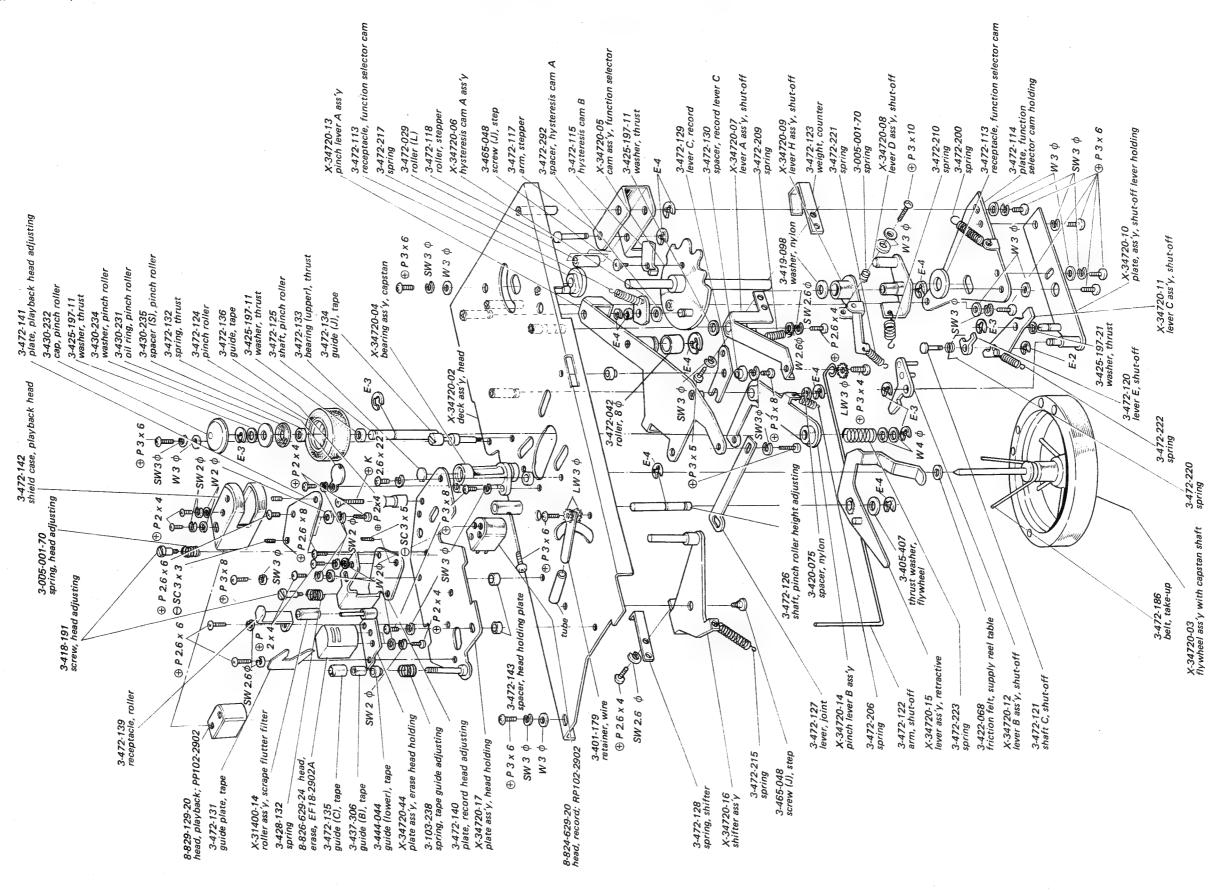


15-3. Amplifier Chassis — top view — (1)

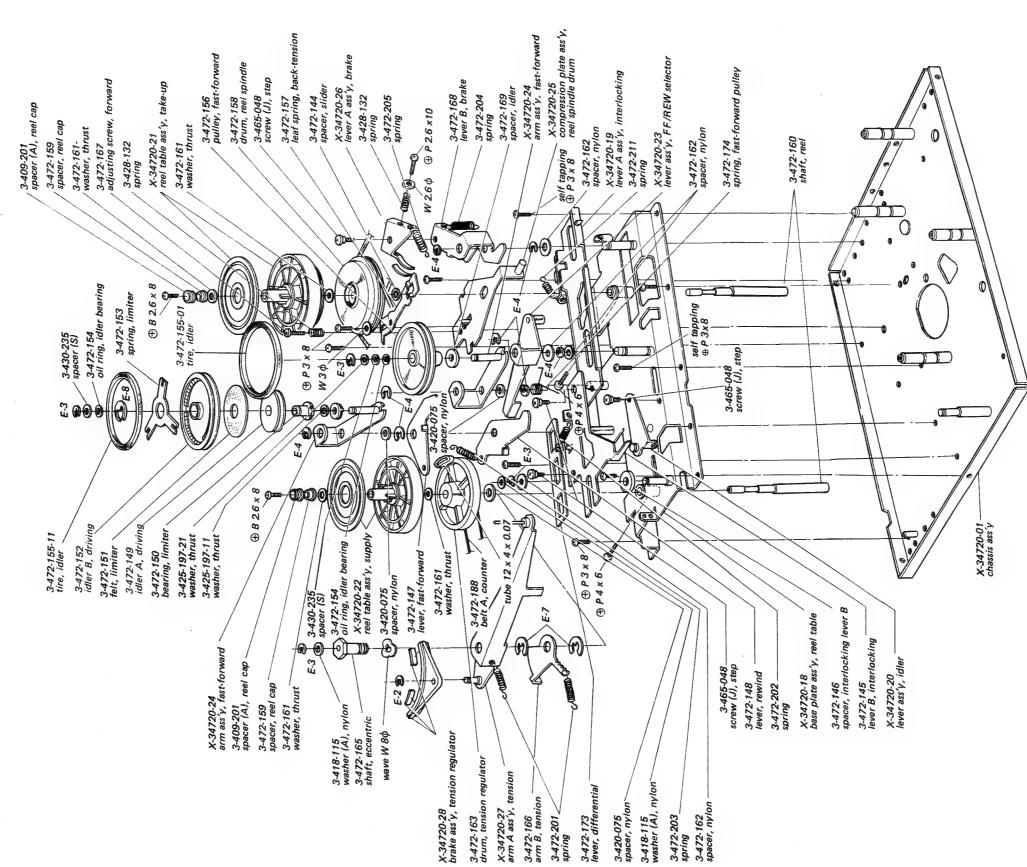


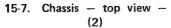


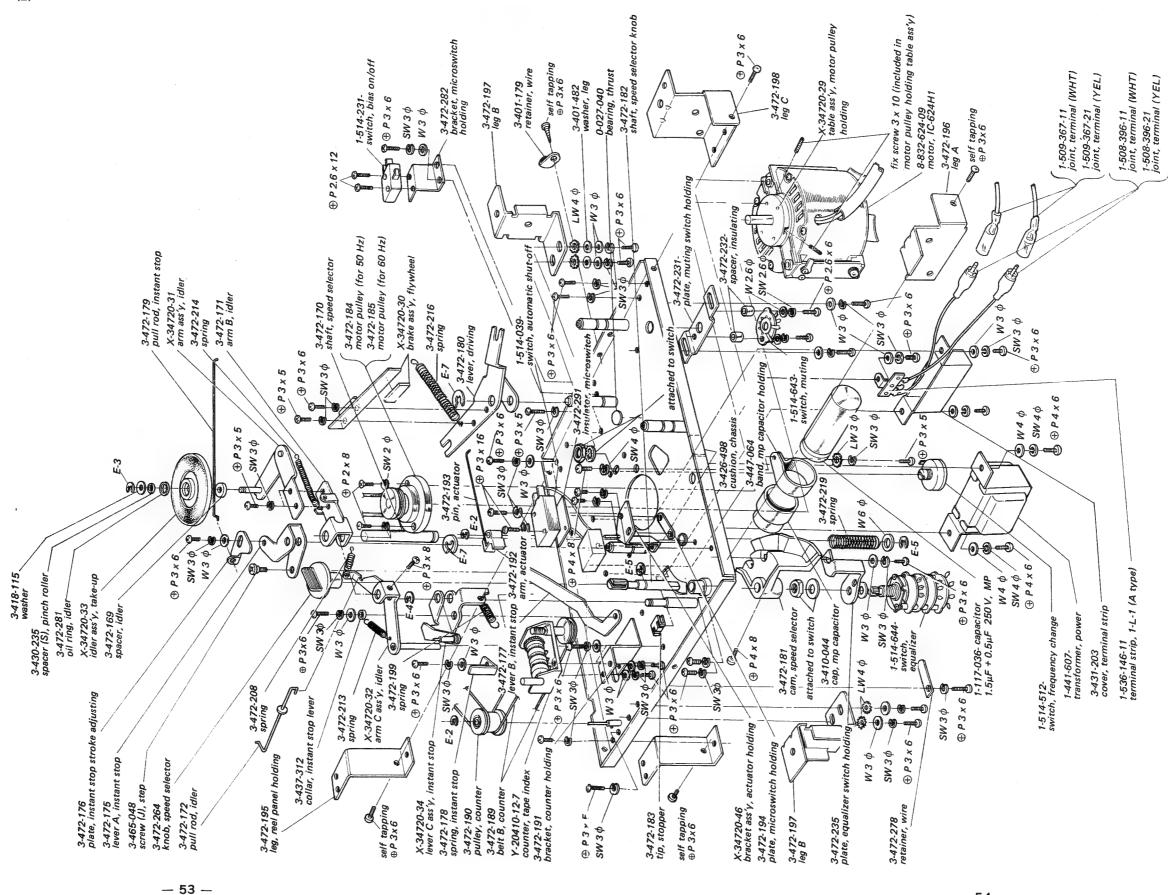




15-6. Chassis — top view — (1)



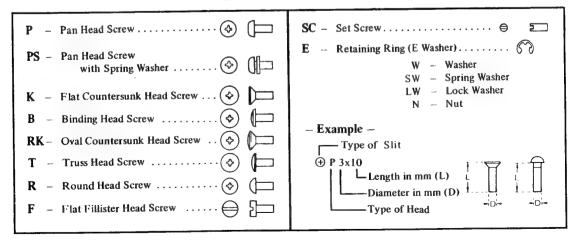


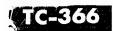


16. HARDWARES

Part No.	Description	Part N	O. Description
	crews	7-621-25	9-72 ⊕ P 2.6 × 12
	⊕ PS 2.6 × 4	7-621-56	0-52 ⊕ K 2.6 × 22
	⊕ PS 2.6 × 6	7-621-77	1-35
	⊕ PS 2.6 x 10	7-621-77	1-38
7-682-145-01	⊕ P 3 × 4		
7-682-147-01	⊕ P 3×6		
7-682-148-01	⊕ P 3×8		Nuts
7-682-149-01	⊕ P 3 × 10	7-622-10	N 3 φ
7-682-150-01	⊕ P 3×12	7-622-50	$N = 4\phi$ (with claw)
7-682-160-01	⊕ P 4×6		
7-682-161-01	⊕ P 4×8		Washers
7-682-167-01	⊕ P 4×25	7-623-10	05-12 W 2φ
7-682-547-13	⊕ B 3 x 6	7-623-10	
7-682-548-13	⊕ B 3 × 8	7-623-10	
7-682-549-13	⊕ B 3 x 10	7-623-10	$W = 2.6 \phi$
7-682-550-14	⊕ B 3 × 12	7-623-10	
7-682-562-13	⊕ B 4×10	7-623-10	$08-18$ W 3ϕ
7-682-571-14	⊕ B 4 × 45	7-623-11	$10-02$ W 4ϕ (small)
7-682-624-00	⊕ PS 2 × 4	7-623-1	
7-682-627-00	⊕ PS 2 × 8	7-623-1	
7-682-646-00	⊕ PS 3 × 5	7-623-20	
7-682-647-00	⊕ PS 3 x 6		W 8ϕ (wave)
7-682-648-00	⊕ PS 3 x 8	7-623-4	08-05 LW 3φ
7-682-652-00	⊕ PS 3 x 16		
7-682-660-00	⊕ PS 4 x 6		Retaining Rings
7-682-661-00	⊕ PS 4 x 8	7-624-1	
7-683-140-01	SC 3 x 6	7-624-1	
7-685-145-21	⊕ P 3 x 6	(self tapping) 7-624-1	
7-685-146-21	⊕ P 3 x 8	(self tapping) 7-624-1	
7-621-259-42	⊕ P 2.6 × 6	7-624-1	
7-621-259-52	⊕ P 2.6 × 8	7-624-1	
7-621-259-62	⊕ P 2.6 x 10	7-624-1	12-01 E-8

- Hardware Nomenclature -





SONY CORPORATION



TC-366

SUPPLEMENT

No. 2 OCT. 1970

SUBJECT: PRODUCTION CHANGE OF POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT BOARD APPLICABLE SERIAL NO.: 37,171 and later (GENERAL EXPORT MODEL) 35,261 and later (USA MODEL)

1. The following parts are changed. See Fig. 1. The former and new parts are noninterchangeable.

CHANGED (Electrical Parts):

Ref. No.		Description	Part No.
	Former	2SD28	8-720-286-70
Q303	New	2SC1014	1-801-002-13
	Former		1-539-390-12
	New	power supply circuit board, without components	1-539-390-21
	Former	or	X-34720-54-1
New	power supply circuit board, with components	X-34720-54-2	

CHANGED (Mechanical Part):

Description	Former	New	
leg, power supply circuit board holding	3-472-230	3-472-308	

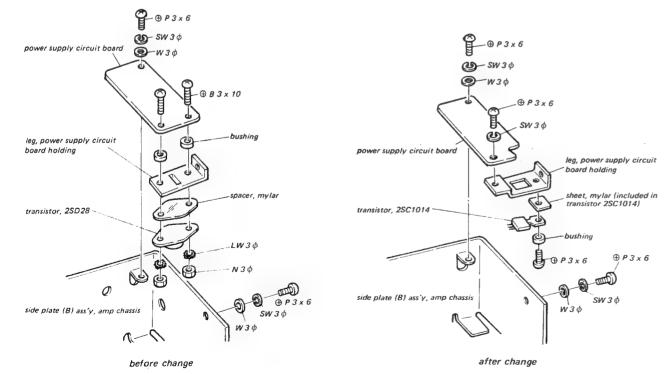
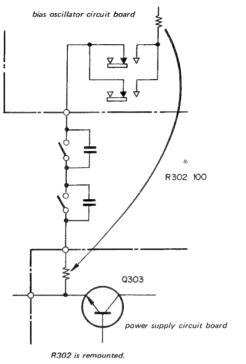


Fig. 1 Transistor change

-- 1 ---

| C=30¢

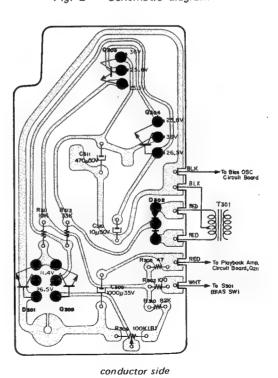
2. R302 $(100\,\Omega)$ is remounted on the power supply circuit board from the bias oscillator circuit board, to prevent Q304 from damage caused when B+ circuit of the bias oscillator board is short-circuited. See Figs. 2 and 3.



0303 2SC1014

Semiconductor electrode

Fig. 2 Schematic diagram



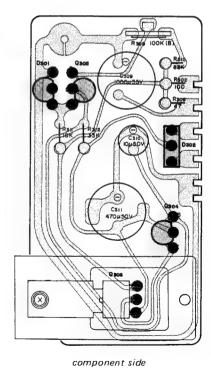


Fig. 3 Power supply circuit board

SONY CORPORATION

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2. Take-up Reel Table Brake Adjustment

See Fig. 2-4, referring the step numbers to the same ones in the figure.

- Brake Pressure Angle Adjustment
 Adjust the screw marked with for 3 to 4 mm
 (½ to 5½²") distance shown by ⑥
 Apply lock paint to the screw.
- 2 Brake Adjustment in the Direction C
 Bend the lever to obtain a specified braking torque.
- 3 Brake Adjustment in the Direction D When the reading on the spring scale indicates the greater value than the specified one, bend the lever in the direction shown by the arrow. When the reading indicates the less value, cut off one turn of the spring end and hook the spring.
- 4 Make sure that the clearance © between the take-up reel table and the brake is 0.3 to 0.5 mm (1/64") in the REW mode.

2-3. Tape Slack Check

After the brake adjustment, thread a tape on the machine as shown in Fig. 2-5. Make sure that the tape does not slack when changing a mode from the FF to the STOP and also from the STOP to the REC.

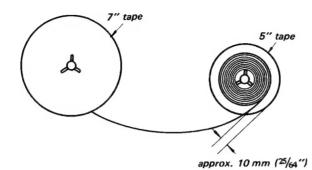


Fig. 2-5 Tape slack check

2-4. Instant Stop Adjustment

See Fig. 2-6.

- (1) Make sure that the tension regulator adjustment has been made.
- 2 Adjust the screw A so that the distance between the end of the instant stop pull rod and the instant stop stroke adjusting plate is 4 to 6 mm (5/32 to 15/64").
- 3 Be sure that the clearance between the pinch roller and the capstan is more than 1 mm (3/64") when pulling the instant stop lever in the FWD mode, and that the instant stop knob is not locked when pulling it in the STOP mode.
- 4 Adjust the screw B so that the clearance between the tension regulator arm and the instant stop leaf spring is 2 to 3 mm (5/64 to 1/8") in the STOP mode.
- 3 Apply lock paint to the screws.

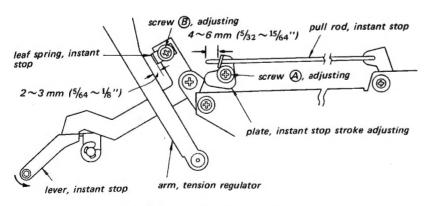
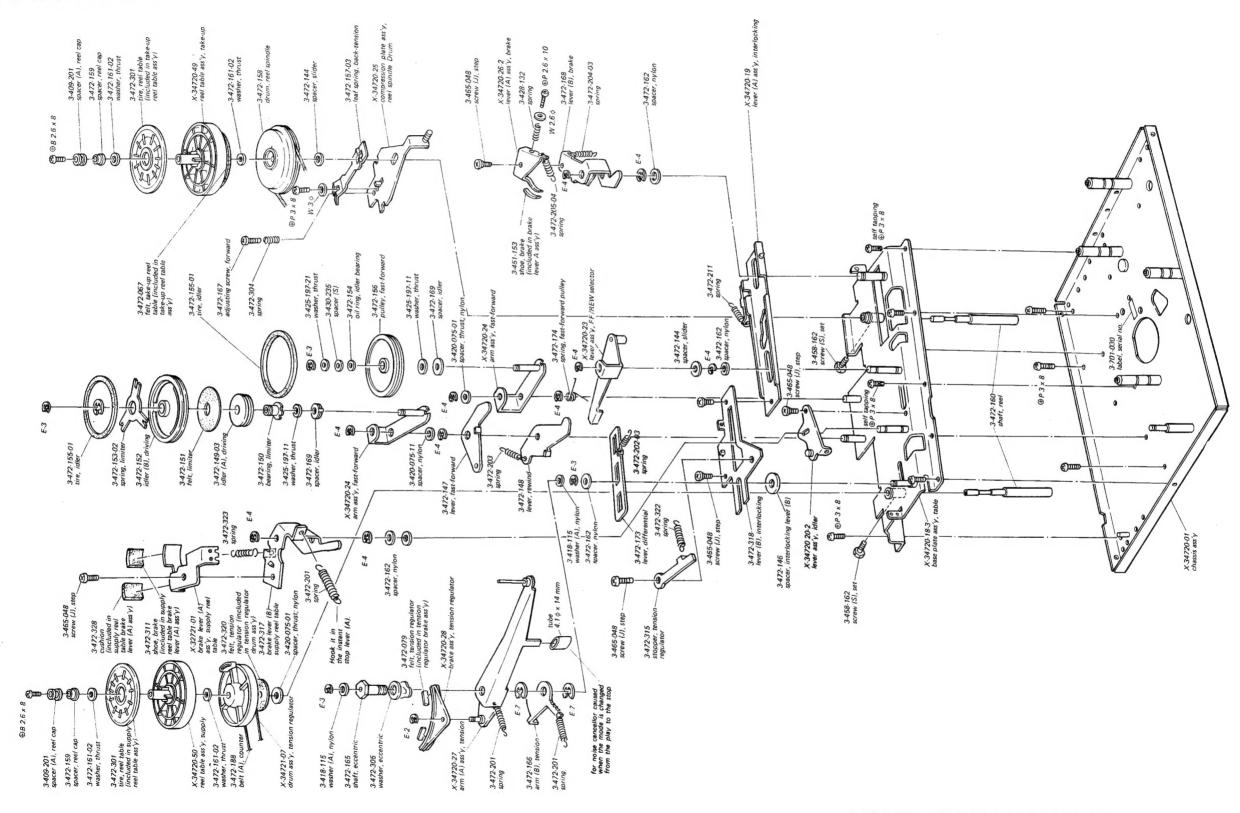


Fig. 2-6 Instant stop adjustment

EXPLODED VIEW - chassis -

Serial No. 13,001 and later (TC-266) Serial No. 30,001 and later (TC-366)



SONY CORPORATION

SUPPLEMENT

No. 3 OCT. 1970

SUBJECT: PRODUCTION CHANGE

APPLICABLE SERIAL NO.: 13,001 and later (TC-266)

31,001 and later (TC-366)

The following mechanical parts is changed to prevent the supply reel shaft and the tension regulator drum from seizure. See Fig. 1 and 2.

CHANGED:

	Description	Part No.	
Former	drum, tension regulator	3-472-163-00	
15.	drum ass'y, tension regulator	X-34721-07	
New	including drum, tension regulator felt, tension regulator	(3-472-163-02) (3-472-320)	

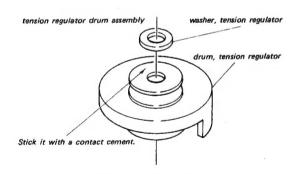


Fig. 1 Tension regulator drum assembly

reel table ass'y, supply washer, thrust drum ass'y, tension regulator felt, tension regulator thrust washer, nylon Apply a few drops of oil.

Fig. 2 Tension regulator drum installation

NOTES:

- 1. Between the tension regulator drum and the table base plate assembly, put in a nylon washer with grease applied.
- 2. Apply a few drops of oil to the reel shaft.

SONY CORPORATION



TC-366

SUPPLEMENT

No. 2 OCT. 1970

SUBJECT: PRODUCTION CHANGE OF POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT BOARD APPLICABLE SERIAL NO.: 37,171 and later (GENERAL EXPORT MODEL) 35,261 and later (USA MODEL)

1. The following parts are changed. See Fig. 1. The former and new parts are noninterchangeable.

CHANGED (Electrical Parts):

Ref. No.		Description	Part No.
	Former	2SD28	8-720-286-70
Q303	New	2SC1014	1-801-002-13
	Former	New power supply circuit board, without components Former	1-539-390-12
	New		1-539-390-21
	Former		X-34720-54-1
New	power supply circuit board, with components	X-34720-54-2	

CHANGED (Mechanical Part):

Description	Former	New
leg, power supply circuit board holding	3-472-230	3-472-308

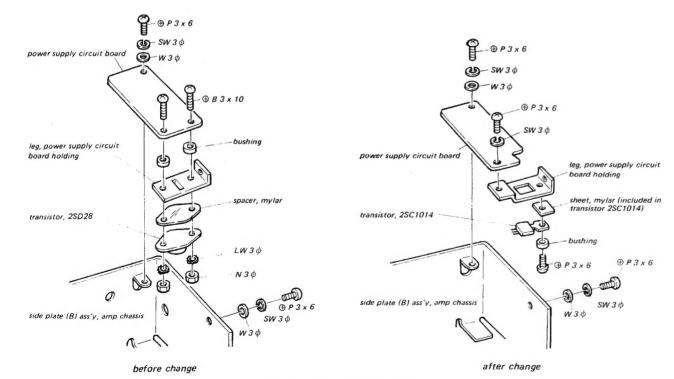
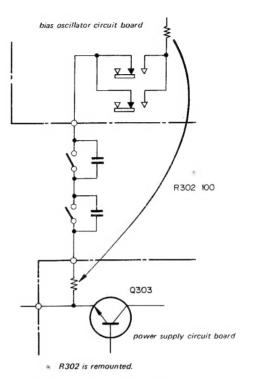


Fig. 1 Transistor change

- 1 -



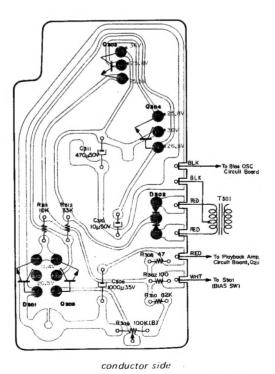
 R302 (100 Ω) is remounted on the power supply circuit board from the bias oscillator circuit board, to prevent Q304 from damage caused when B+ circuit of the bias oscillator board is short-circuited.
 See Figs. 2 and 3.



0303 2SC1014

Semiconductor electrode

Fig. 2 Schematic diagram



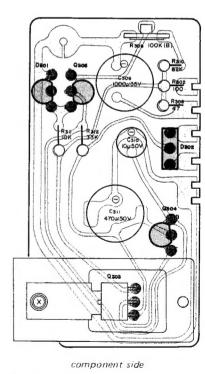


Fig. 3 Power supply circuit board

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